EAST HERTFORDSHIRE COMBINED DISTRICTS

Hertford (M.B.)

Hoddesdon (U.D.)

Ware (R.D.)

Ware (U.D.)

Braughing (R.D.)

Sawbridgeworth (U.D.)

Hertford (R.D.)

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER

Charles Martin Billington,
M.D., Ch.B.(Cantab.), M.R.C.S.(Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.)
(to 30/9/1948)

John Henry Wildman M.R.C.S.(Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.), D.P.H. (from 1/10/1948)

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Sanitary Inspectors.

John Barnish*	•••	The Castle, Hertford (M.B.)
Wm. Noel David*		Council Offices, Hoddesdon (U.D.)
Chas. J. Lucas*		The Priory, Ware (U.D.)
John Arthur Yates*†	Cou	ncil Offices, Sawbridgeworth (U.D.)
A. D. G. Goold*†	•••) 97 New Road Wapp (R.D.)
P. G. Allison [†]		} 97, New Road, Ware (R.D.)
E. E. Wateridge†)	Bridgefoot House, Buntingford Braughing (R.D.)
G. С. Sмітн [†]	· 5	Braughing (R.D.)
Horace Ernest Gilbey	† 2, Pa	arliament Square, Hertford (R.D.)

[‡] Additional Sanitary Inspector.

^{*} Certified Meat Inspector (Sanitary Inspector's Examination Board).

[†] Also District Council Surveyor.

EAST HERTS. COMBINED DISTRICTS

- PREFACE -

The following report on the health of the East Herts Combined Sanitary Districts has been drawn up on the lines indicated in circular 3/49 (England) issued by the Ministry of Health. The various rates have been calculated on the Registrar-General's estimate of the resident mid-year population for 1948.

Size of District.

The Combined Districts formerly consisted of eight sanitary authorities, but on October 1st, 1948, the Urban District of Bishop's Stortford arranged to leave the Combine. I understand that the Medical Officer of Health for Bishop's Stortford will be submitting a separate health report for 1948.

The remaining seven districts comprising the East Herts Combined Districts have an area of 119,662 acres, or a little less than 187 square miles. The District is roughly oval in shape, measuring approximately 18 miles from North to South, and 15 miles from West to East, at the greatest diameters. The estimated mid-year population for 1948 is 68,942 persons; an increase of 2,733 persons over the 1947 figure.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

With the coming into force of the National Health Service Act, 1946, on July 5th, 1948, responsibility for diphtheria immunisation passed out of the hands of each local sanitary authority into the care of the County Council. Free immunisation is now available through a scheme organised by the Herts County Council in discharge of its functions under Part III, Section 26 of the above act, as approved by the Minister of Health.

Hospital Services

The whole of the East Herts Combined Districts now comes within the area of the North East Metropolitan Regional Hospital Board. It is served mainly by the hospitals within the jurisdiction of the Hertford Group (No. 1) Hospital Management Committee; but any of the specialist services within the region are readily obtained where necessary.

Public Health Laboratory Service.

This provides facilities for examination of water, milk, and icecream samples, and other laboratory investigations of public health interest. The nearest full time laboratories are at Cambridge, Luton, and in London. These are too far away to be used regularly by the Combined Districts.

The laboratory attached to the Hertford County Hospital in Hertford, dealt with most of the bacteriological examinations of

water samples from the Combined Districts. However, no facilities exist at this laboratory for the bacteriological examination of ice-cream samples, with a result that routine sampling of this commodity is in abeyance in most of the districts. Because of the presence in Ware Urban District of two ice-cream factories (one is large), regular sampling is essential, especially as distribution of the products is extensive. Seventy-nine samples were taken, necessitating fourteen journeys to the Public Health Laboratory in Cambridge, in order to ensure that the samples arrived rapidly and in a fit condition. One other Authority (Braughing R.D.C.), regularly sends milk samples to the Cambridge Laboratory. These samples are from undesignated milk producers and retailers within that rural district.

Chemical examinations of water samples were carried out at two privately-run laboratories in London.

It would be an advantage both to the Combined Districts and to the Laboratory concerned, to have a full-time Public Health Laboratory situated in Hertford, large enough to deal with both chemical and bacteriological examinations of water, ice-cream, and other samples. Specimens could then arrive at the Laboratory with a minimum of delay, and there would be a considerable saving in time and expense to the local Sanitary Authorities.

I am indebted to the Sanitary Inspectors and other Officials of the various districts, for information concerning the public health aspects of their work. I am also grateful to their respective clerical staffs, especially the members of the Borough of Hertford Health Department, for compiling this Report.

The Castle, Hertford.

August, 1949.

John Wildman,

Medical Officer of Health.

VITAL STATISTICS.

IIIAL S	INII	05.		
\	Resident Population.	Birth Rate (per 1,000 Population).	Death Rate (per 1,000 Population).	Infantile Mortality (per 1,000 Total Births —Live and Still).
MUNICIPAL BOROUGH. Hertford	14,150	16.7	9.6	17
URBAN DISTRICTS. Hoddesdon Ware Sawbridgeworth	13,680 8,810 3,612	17.0 17.7 14.4	9.1 11.8 11.4	17 51
Rural Districts. Ware	10,070	17.4	11.9	17
Braughing Hertford East Herts (C.D.)	10,490 8,130 68,942	19.4 21.0 17.8	10.7 9.3 10.3	15 12 20
England and Wales	30,312	17.9	10.8	34

GENERAL STATISTICS.

	Area (Acres)	Number of inhabited houses (end of 1948, according to the Rate Books)	Density (persons per acre)	Density (houses per acre)	Average number of occupants per house	Rateable value	Sum represented by a Penny Rate
						£	£
Hertford (M.B.)	3,882	4,372	3.6	1.13	3.2	106,453	404
Hoddesdon	4,423	3,847	3.1	0.87	3.6	95,002	384
Ware (U.D.)	1,343	2,170	6.6	1.62	4.1	48,997	195
Sawbridgeworth	2,678	1,054	1.3	0.39	3.4	22,775	88
Ware (R.D.)	29,102	2,740	0.3	0.09	3.7	64,404	250
Braughing	45,570	3,478	0.2	0.08	3.0	45,587	190
Hertford (R.D.)	32,664	2,410	0.2	0.07	3.5	37,704	150
East Herts (C.D.)	119,662	20,071	0.6	0.17	3.5		

	The same of the sa		BIRTH	3				
	Legitimate	Num- Per ber centage M.		ral	DEA	THS	Natural Increase	
				M. F.		M. F.		Decrease
Hertford (M.B.)	234	3	1.3	120	117	72	64	+101
Hoddesdon	220	12	5.2	110	122	63	61	+108
Ware (U.D.)	152	4	2.6	68	88	56	48	+52
Sawbridgeworth	52			27	25	22	19	+11
Ware (R.D.)	167	8	4.6	81	94	64	56	+55
Braughing	193	10	4.9	100	103	62	50	+91
Hertford (R.D.)	166	5	2.9	89	82	44	32	+95
East Herts (C.D.)	1,114	42	3.4	595	631	383	330	+513

TUBERCULOSIS

New Cases and Mortality during 1948.

		NE	W CA	SES			lity er jon				
	Re pira M.	es- tory F.	Non- pira M.	Res- tory F.	TOTAL		es- itory F.		Res- tory F.	TOTAL	Mortalit Rate per 1,000 populatio
Hertford (M.B.)	8	6	1	4	19	3	1	1		5	0.35
Hoddesdon	5	6		1	12						0.00
Ware (U.D.)	8		3	1	12	3		2		5	0.57
Sawbridgeworth									1	1	0.28
Ware (R.D.)	5	1	1	2	9						0.00
Braughing	5	5			10	1	2			3	0.29
Hertford (R.D.)	7	6	1	3	17	3	3			6	0.74
East Herts (C.D.)	38	24	6	11	79	10	6	3	1	20	0.68

Number of cases remaining on the Register at the end of the year

	Resp M.	iratory F.	Non-Re	spiratory F.	Total	Increase or Decrease over 1947
Hertford (M.B.)	28	16	9	16	69	+ 10
Hoddesdon	50	31	10	13	104	+ 8
Ware (U.D.)	19	4	11	8	42	- 1
Sawbridgeworth (U.D.)	•••	7	1	2	10	
Ware (R.D.)	14	16	9	11	50	-11
Braughing	18	9	10	9	46	+ 3
Hertford (R.D.)	13	12	3	8	36	- 9
East Herts (C.D.)	142	95	53	67	357	+

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Measles	Whooping Cough	Typhoid Fever	Para- Typhoid Fever	Cerebro- Spinal Fever	Erysipelas	Smallpox	Pneumonia	Puerperal Pyrexia
Hertford (M.B.)	5		134	37				1		1	2
Hoddesdon	9	1	29	48	•••		•••	1		3	1
Ware (U.D.)	1		3	1		• • •	•••		•••		•••
Sawbridgeworth	•••	•••	65	2			•••	1	•••		
Ware (R.D.)	5	•••	47	54			•••	1	• • •	7	•••
Braughing	8		21	76	• • •	1	•••	2	•••	11	•••
Hertford (R.D.)	2	•••	78	17	•••		• • •	1	• • •	5	
East Herts (C.D.) 30	1	377	235		1	•••	7		27	3

Case Rate.

	Per 1,000 Population											
	Scarlet Fever	Diphtheria	Measles	Whooping	Typhoid Fever	Para- Typhoid Fever	Cerebro- Spinal Fever	Erysipelas	Smallpox	Pneumonia	Puerperal Pyrexia	
Hertford (M.B.)	0.35		9.47	2.61				0.07		0.07	8.26	
Hoddesdon	0.66	0.07	2.12	3.51	•••	•••	•••	0.07	•••	0.22	4.27	
Ware (U.D.)	0.11		0.34	0.11	•••				•••	•••		
Sawbridgeworth	.1.	•••	18.00	0.55		•••	•••	0.28		•••	•••	
Ware (R.D.)	0.50		4.67	5.36	•••			0.10		0.70		
Braughing	0.76	•••	2.00	7.25		0.10		0.19		1.05		
Hertford (R.D.)	0.25		9.59	2.09	•••		•••	0.12		0.61		
East Herts (C.D.)	0.44	0.01	5.50	3.41	•••	0.01	•••	0.10		0.39	2.41	
England & Wales	1.73	0.08	9.34	3.42	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.21	•••	0.73	6.89	

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Braughing	证.	50	0	0 [- 0	4	15	07 -		٦.	-	0	က	Α,		03	0		٦ ،	œ	-	
Brau	×	62	0	0 ;	<u>+</u> -	$\frac{1}{12}$	14	0	40	7 -	- 6	0	0	01 0	0	27 0	o ·	—	.7 .	4	o	o 63
Ware R.D.	[표]	56	0	7	14	$1\overline{2}$	11	ο (0 0	N C	0	0	07	က	0 .	٦.	0	S) (> (က	G	N 61
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S'gworth	[표	19	-	0 '	0 0	0 07	က	27	<	> <	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		ο ·	0	<	0
S'gw	M.	22	0	0	0	ာက	10	0	0 -	٦,-	- 0	0	0		0	0	_	0	_	4	<	00
Ware U.D.	т.	48	-	0 :	11	9	14	7	<	> -	- -	0	-	0	_	ი ი	22	0	0	က	-	7 67
W.	Z.	56	0	0	77	7	13		ۍ .	٦ -	- -	10	0	-	0	9	_	0	_	4	•	9 9
oddes- don	표.	61	0	0 ;	10	11	24	က	က -	٦.	- C	0	0	C7 ·	0	_	03		0	-	-	
H	Z.	63	0	0	13 1	- 67	21	7	0	4 -	- 6	0	-	-	0	က	03	_	41	က	-	- es
Hertford M.B.	ш,	64	0	0 9	13	- 1	19	-	0	ۍ c	> -	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	01	_	c	10 cs
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EATH.		:	: :	:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :	:	:		premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
DEATH.		:	: :	:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
OF DEATH.		:	: :	:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
ES OF DEATH.				:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
USES OF DEATH.				:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
SAUSES OF DEATH.				:	:	: :	:	_	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	:	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	: :		:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	:	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	lach or audaenum	ve diseases	:	:	; premature births	:	:	:	:		: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	lach or audaenum	ve diseases	:	:	; premature births		:	:	:	delt.	: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	lach or audaenum	ve diseases	:	:	; premature births		:	:	:		: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	lach or audaenum	ve diseases	:	:	; premature births		:	:	:	in Diast.	: :
CAUSES OF DEATH.				s and polio-encephilitis	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	: :	ve diseases	:	:	eases; premature births	:	:	:	:		
CAUSES OF DEATH.				:	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: :	:	of the circulatory system	:	:	:	lach or audaenum	ve diseases	:	:	; premature births		:	:	:		: :

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Inspect	tions o	f Fac	ctorie	es.			
(Copy of Information supplied to the Ministry of Labour and National Service on Form 572 (Revised))	Hertford M.B.	Hoddesdon	Ware U.D.	Sawbridgeworth	Ware R.D.	Braughing	Hertford R.D.
Factories without Mechanical Power							
Number on Register	27	20	11	13	15	41	8
Inspections	7	7	1	24	22	41	3
Written Notices			•••				•••
Occupier Prosecuted	•••		•••	•••	•••		
Factories with Mechanical Power							
Number on Register	81	85	51	21	28	14	5
Inspections	34	138	10	18	_20	14	1
Written Notices	2	4	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••
Occupier Prosecuted	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Other Premises under the Act (Electric Stations, Institutions, Sites of buildings operations and works of engineering construc- tion, but not including Out- workers premises.							
Number on Register	• • •	1	• • •	5	•••	•••	• • •
Inspections		2	• • •	7	• • •	•••	
Written Notices	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •
Occupier Prosecuted	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	• • • •	•••

	Outwor	kers					
(Copy of Information supplied to the Ministry of Labour and National Service on Form 572 (Revised))	Hertford M.B.	Hoddesdon	Ware U.D.	Sawbridgeworth	Ware R.D,	Braughing	Hertford R.D.
Wearing apparel:—							
Making, etc.	160	•••	• • •	• • •	13	•••	14
Cleaning and Washing							
Box Making			59		8		
Brush Making	40				18		2

Defects found in Factories.

(Copy of Information supplied to the Ministry of Labour and National Service on Form 572 (Revised))	Hertford M.B.	Hoddesdon	Ware U.D.	Sawbridgeworth	Ware R.D.	Braughing	Hertford R.D.
Want of cleanliness			,				
Found	•••	7	•••	•••	•••	12	1
Remedied	• • •	7	•••	•••	•••	12	1
Overcrowding Found							
Remedied	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •
Unreasonable temperature							
Found	•••		•••	•••	• • •	1	
Remedied	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	• • •
Inadequate ventilation Found		0			1		
Remedied	•••	$\frac{2}{2}$	•••	• • •		•••	•••
Ineffective drainage of floors							
Found	•••		•••			•••	•••
Remedied	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••
Sanitary conveniences insufficient							
Found Remedied		8 8	• • •	•••	4	•••	• • •
Sanitary conveniences	1	0	•••	•••	4	•••	•••
unsuitable or defective							
Found		3			2		•••
Remedied	2	3	• • •	•••	2	•••	•••
Sanitary conveniences not separate for sexes							
Found Remedied	•••	4	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Other offences	•••	7	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Found		4		1		•	
Remedied	•••	4	•••		•••	•••	•••
Total defects							
Found Remedied	3	28 28	•••	1	7 6	13 13	1 1
Total defects referred to H.M. Inspector							•••
Total defects referred by H.M. Inspector	1						

BOROUGH OF HERTFORD.

DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE, and SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

The sewers serving the Town take both storm water and foul sewage and serve most of the developed part of the Borough. Extensions to deal with new property have been connected as required.

The Town's sewage is treated by the Activated Sludge process and during the year extensions to the Mead Lane Works have been completed. The construction of three primary digestion tanks each of 125,000 gallons capacity has been undertaken as a means of providing effluent which shall be satisfactory and also in order to keep abreast of modern methods of treatment. Analysis of the effluent proves that the aim has been achieved.

Sewers and drains have been laid to connect up those areas of the Town which have been developed during the year.

Periodical cleansing of sewers, gulleys and drains has been undertaken to maintain their efficiency and street cleansing is undertaken with one of the latest types of modern road sweeping machines.

REFUSE DISPOSAL.

A weekly collection of refuse is carried out to each household in modern types of low loading covered vehicles.

Trade refuse and kitchen waste are collected twice weekly.

Salvage collection is dealt with by the addition of trailer to the refuse vehicles as circumstances require. One vehicle is maintained in operation to deal with the paper collection from business premises.

Partial separation takes place at the Disposal Works and Salvaged materials when sold provide a source of income.

Refuse disposal is dealt with by means of controlled tipping on modern lines at Hartham, and the reclaimed areas of land are being developed for recreational purposes.

WATER SUPPLY.

Source.

All the water is obtained from five boreholes sunk in chalk. Most of the town is supplied from the Port Hill Reservoir which is filled from the pumping stations at Molewood (one borehole) and Wadesmill Road (two boreholes). Bengeo, Hertingfordbury, Great Molewood and the higher parts of the town are supplied from the Bengeo Water Tower, which is filled from the pumping stations at

Wadesmill Road and Hartham (one borehole). The Port Hill pumping station (one borehole) was used as a standby pumping station only, in 1948.

Quality.

Chemical—The water has no plumbo-solvent or other detrimental action, and although rather hard, is of a high standard of purity. A chemical examination of the water (before treatment) was carried out in October, 1948, from each of the four pumping stations with the following results:—

Сня	EMICAL ANALY	rses (parts p	er million)	
(Samples taken 22nd October, 1948)	WADESMILL ROAD	PORT HILL	HARTHAM	Molewood
Appearance	Bright with a few particles of mineral debris	Clear and bright	Bright with a very few part- icles of min- eral debris	Clear and Bright
Turbidity (Silica scale)	Less than 5	Nil	Less than 5	Nil
Colour (Hazen) -	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Odour · · ·	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Taste	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Reaction pH	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1
Free CO ₂	36	29	28	28
Electric Conductivity at 20°C	520	510	540	510
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	250	250	245	245
Total solids dried at 180°C	350	350	365	345
Hardness:-				
Carbonate (Temp)	250	250	245	245
Non-Carb. (Perm)	45	35	40	35
Total	295*	285*	285*	280*
Nitrogen in:-				
Nitrates - ·	4.6	4.4	3.5	3.4
Nitrites	Absent	Less than 0.01	Absent	Absent
Free Ammonia -	0.000	0.050	0.010	0.000
Free Chlorine ·	_	_	-	_
Albuminoid Ammonia	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. at 27°C -	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
Metals	Iron: less than 0.03 Other metals absent	Absent	Iron: 0.05 Other metals absent	Absent

^{*}The precise figure calculated from the magnesium and calcium contents.

Bacteriological.—The water was examined bacteriologically monthly with the following results:—

Bacteriological Examinations.

Date	Plate (Yeas ag (aerob 3 dys at 22° C	strel ar	Probable No. of coliform bacilli, MacConkey, 2 dys, 37oC	S-Satisfactory N.S-Not Satisfactory	Date	Yee (aero 3 dy at 22° (at 37° (Probable No coliform bac	ory ory
Рокт Н	ILL				WADE	SMILL	Road		
27. 1.48 2. 3.48 30. 3.48 26. 4.48 25. 5.48 20. 7.48 7. 9.48 16,11.48	4 8 4 5 5 3 3 5	1 4 1 9 1 3 Nil 2	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	S S S S S S S S S S S S	27. 1.4 2. 3.4 30. 3.4 26. 4.4 25. 5.4 22. 6.4 20. 7.4 7. 9.4 13.11.4	18 7 18 Nil 18 4 18 4 18 4 18 7 18 3	2 3 Ni 1 Ni 2 2 4 Ni	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	
	OD				HARTH	I A M			
Molewo 27. 1.48 2. 3.48 30. 3.48 26. 4.48 25. 5.48 22. 6.48 20. 7.48 7. 9.48 16.11.48	7 5 5 3 5 3 7 2	3 2 2 Nil 2 Nil 3 1	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	27. 1.4 2. 3.4 30. 3.4 26. 4.4 25. 5.4 22. 6.4 20. 7.4 7. 9.4 16.11.4	18 12 18 6 18 11 18 5 18 7 18 5 18 4 18 2	3 3 6 2 3 2 Nil Nil 3	Ni Ni Ni Ni Ni Ni Ni	S
22	nples ta .10.194		dev	eloping er cc. o ay 2 dy t at	at	Coli: Re-a	Ab- sent from	Ab- sent from	Cl. welchii Reaction Absent from
PORT HI				0 0	0			100 ml	100 ml
WADESM		OAD		0 0	0		100 ml		100 ml
MOLE WO HARTHA		•••	8	0 0 0 90	0 78	10*ml	100 ml 1 ml	100 ml	$100 \mathrm{ml}$ $100 \mathrm{ml}$

^{*}Due to coliform bacteria of Intermediate Type I

Quantity.

During the year ending 31st December, 1948, the total amount of water raised was 313,525,688 gallons, of which 98,352,000 gallons was trade metered consumption. The average total amount raised daily was 856,354 gallons, and the average amount per head per day (excluding trade metered consumption) was 41.5 gallons.

General.

Chlorination plants are in operation at each of the four pumping stations belonging to the Council. The normal dose of chlorine in 1948 was approximately 0.25 parts per million.

At the Hartham Works, simple chlorination is carried out, owing to the close proximity of consumers' services, and the diluted "Chloros" or "Voxsan" is injected into the suction tube by means of a manual controlled water pressure operated hypochlorinator (there being no electricity available) with a mechanical recorder showing the rate of flow of the sterilising agent into the suction tube. The difficulty originally experienced at Hartham Works owing to the hardness of the water was overcome by adding soda ash to the water used for mixing with the "Chloros" solution, but with the use of "Voxsan" the need for softening disappeared.

The same process has been adopted at the Port Hill (stand-by) Works. The only difference is that the hypochlorinator is operated by a small electric motor.

At Molewood the chloramine process is in operation, liquid chlorine being used in conjunction with ammonia, the chlorine being injected into the suction tube by means of a vacuum controlled chlorinator, and the ammonia by means of a manual controlled ammoniator, the rate of discharge being shown on a vacuum operated recorder.

The same chloramine process has been adopted at the Wadesmill Road Pumping Station, the mixture of chlorine and ammonia being discharged into the suction tubes at a depth of approximately 185 feet below the surface. Owing to there being two rates of discharge from the pumps at this station, an electric automatic control is installed to change the rate of flow of the chlorine accordingly. At these works it was originally found that after a few hours pumping, the ammonia solution tanks became choked with a heavy precipitation of calcium salts, which also began to adhere to the inside of the pipe lines. The solution water is now treated with sodium hexametaphosphate to allay this precipitation.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S WORK during the Year, 1948.

Inspection of District.

Total Number of	Visits						2,967
Dwelling Houses					ets)		108
",	inspected	(Hou	sing A	cts)	•••	• • •	29
",	enumerat	ed (H	ousing	Act-			
					ercrow	ding	643
,, ,,	re-inspect						
	,	blic H	lealth a	and Ho	ousing	Acts	974
General Inspection		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	101
,, ,,	re-visit	:S	•••	•••	•••	•••	103
Interviews		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	49
Complaints inves	0		•••	• • •	•••	• • •	69
Food Inspections		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	195
,, ,,	Control v		•••	•••	•••	• • •	117
Visits re cases of	Infectiou	s Dise				•••	10
,, ,, ,, ,,	,,	,,	Dis	sinfect	ions	• • •	10
Miscellaneous	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	295
Registered and Li	icensed	Pren	nises	Inspe	cted.		150
		Pren	nises	Inspe			26
Factories		•••	•••			•••	26 50
Factories Outworkers Prem	 nises		nises : 				50
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses	 nises 	•••	•••			•••	50 15
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds	 nises 		•••				50 15 29
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies	 nises 		•••				50 15 29 29
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis	 nises es					•••	50 15 29 29 23
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses	 nises es					•••	50 15 29 29 23 6
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses Shops, Meat Sto	 nises es 						50 15 29 29 23 6
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses	 nises es 					•••	50 15 29 29 23 6
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses Shops, Meat Sto	nises es res g Houses						50 15 29 29 23 6
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses Shops, Meat Sto	nises es res g Houses						50 15 29 29 23 6 68 18
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses Shops, Meat Stor Common Lodging	nises es res g Houses						50 15 29 29 23 6 68 18
Factories Outworkers Prem Bakehouses Cowsheds Dairies Ice-cream premis Slaughterhouses Shops, Meat Stor Common Lodging Notices Served.	nises es res g Houses						50 15 29 29 23 6 68 18

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS.

Canal Boats (Part X).

During the year the riverside and wharves have been kept under observation for the purpose of inspection of Registered Canal Boats using the canal within the Borough boundary.

No registered canal boats have been observed using the canal during the year.

Common Lodging Houses (Part IX).

The White House, Railway Street.

This is the only registered Common Lodging House within the Borough. The house provides nightly accommodation for 32 men; the number of men accommodated during the year was 6,830, a nightly average of 19 men.

During the year certain improvements have been required concerned with washing facilities, provision of dustbins and general supervision. The requirements have been complied with.

The walls of the rooms at the house were cleansed and colour-washed throughout during the year.

The premises have been kept under observation, 18 visits having been made during the year. The house is generally well conducted.

No case of infectious disease has been notified at the house.

Hertingfordbury—Sanitary Circumstances.

Replacement of Earth Closets by Water Closets at joint expense of Owners and the Local Authority.

In March, 1948, the Corporation approached the Ministry of Health for purposes of a loan to further a scheme of the conversion of pail closets to the water carriage system of 28 houses within the area having a sufficient water supply and sewer available.

The Corporation were informed that owing to the present shortage of labour and materials, the Minister in exercise of his functions under Regulation 56A, Defence (General) Regulations, 1939, has to discriminate between works which are desirable and those which are immediately essential, in the circumstances a report of the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health was requested. The Medical Officer of Health reported his opinion that the improvements are generally desirable.

The carrying out of the improvements is in abeyance.

The periodic cleansing of the pail closets commenced by the Corporation in November, 1947, is continued.

Water Supply.

The houses in the area are provided with constant water supply connected with the Borough Service.

Houses as follows are served by stand-pipes:—
Houses 229, 231, 233, 235, Hertingfordbury Road. One external tap.

Verminous Premises, Articles and Persons.

Verminous Premises (Section 83).

Disinfestation was carried out at three houses during the year, D.D.T. Preparations being used in each case.

Verminous Persons (Section 85).

Although the Scabies Order, 1941, is now no longer in force, the arrangements made under the Order whereby verminous persons are treated at the County Welfare Clinic, Bull Plain, have continued in force.

All male cases are treated by a male employee of the Corporation specially trained for the work, and the County Council have agreed for all female cases to be treated by the Nursing Sisters or Health Visitors.

Fly Infestation.

Early in the year complaints were received in regard to a fly nuisance. These complaints were due to the fly "musca autumnalis" and were confined to two separate areas of the town.

Advice on the life history and habits of this fly was received from the Department of Entomology at the British Museum. The information supplied by the aforesaid department provided a valuable guide in the tendering of advice to eight householders who applied to the health department for assistance.

A suitable spray was loaned by this department and advice given in regard to suitable D.D.T. preparations.

HOUSING ACTS.

Houses Nos. 2 and 4, Pegs Lane.

In February, 1933, these houses became subject to an "undertaking" that, on vacant possession, the houses would not be relet for human habitation and would be demolished. During August, the houses were demolished except a portion of No. 2, which has become part of the adjoining premises of the Chaseside Motor Company.

House 22, Mangrove Road, Mangrove Hall Lodge.

In February, 1947, the house was inspected and found to be in very insanitary condition, the house was occupied by squatters. On the 23rd December, 1948, the house was vacated. The County Council, owners of the property, purpose carrying out general repairs to render the premises fit for habitation to provide hostel accommodation in connection with the Teachers' Training College, Balls Park.

Overcrowding Particulars, 1948.

During the year, an enumeration has been carried out at 643 houses, of which number 82 were mostly concerned with complaints of overcrowding and applications for Corporation houses. Existing cases of overcrowding have been kept under review during the year.

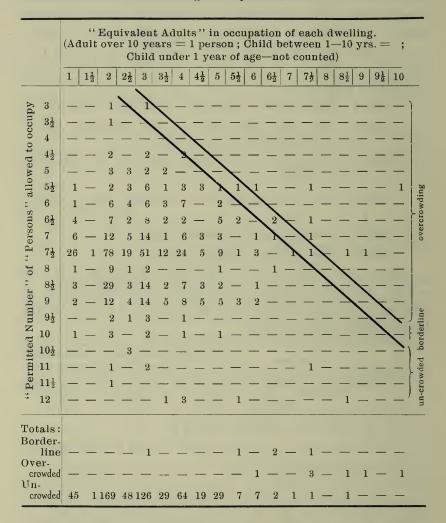
The remaining 561 houses were re-enumerations as part of a routine survey. The survey includes six areas of the town, particulars of which are given below.

- Area 1. Baker Street, Ash Street, Oak Street, Elm Street.
- Area 2. The Folly, Old Hall Street, Frampton Street, Riverside, Thornton Street.
- Area 3. Hartham Lane, Cowbridge, Dimsdale St., Chambers Street.
- Area 4. Port Vale, George Street, Russell Street, Balfour Street.
- Area 5. Nelson Street, Molewood Road.
- Area 6. Byde Street, Wellington Street.

The following table gives the summarised figures for each area and the comparable figures of population and overcrowding as obtained during the Overcrowding Survey carried out under the Housing Acts, 1935 and 1936.

Area No. of Houses	No. of	Population			Overcrowding			Borderline Overcrowding			Houses with two families			
	1948	1936	incre or decre	:	19	948 % of area	1936	19	948 % of area	1	19	948 % of area		
1	71	297	266	+	31	6	8.2	4	3	4.2	2	12	16.9	
2	113	342	372	-	30	-			1	0.9		11	9.7	6
3	64	222	219	+	3	-		1	-		4	9	14.1	1
4	129	395	416	-	21	-	_	1	1	0.8		13	10.1	2
5	71	219	203	+	16	-	_	_				5	7.0	1
6	113	322	327	_	5	1	0.9	_	-	_	-	4	3.2	
Totals	561	1797	1803	_	6	7	1.5	6	5	0.9	6	54	9.6	10

The following table is set out in similar form to that required by the Minister of Health in 1936 for the tabulation of the results obtained for the Overcrowding Survey, 1935/36.



The following tabulation of "Rooms per house" x "Number of persons per house" varies from the above tabulation in that no account is taken of the 'permitted number' of the houses or rooms, or of their size, and for the number of persons in the house, all indivduals are counted as one person.

		Nu	mbe	rofp	erso	ons in	oce	upati	ion at	eac	h ho	use	No. of 2-8
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	roomed dwellings
<u>sa</u>	2	-	1	_	1		_	_		_		_	2
Number of rooms per dwelling	3		3	5	2			_				_	10
mber of roon per dwelling	4	32	99	88	64	16	9	4	3	1	_	2	318
r of	5	12	62	51	32	25	15	4	3		1		205
ir d	6	1	5	7	3	3	2	-	1	1	_		23
n m	7			_		1	_		_	_		-	1
Z	8		_	_	2	-	_		_		_		2
Dwell occup by 1- pers	pied —11	45	170	151	104	45	26	8	7	2	1	2	561
No.			340 ' Dw		416 igs'		156 o. of p	56 perso	56 ons in	18 o cc t	10 ipati	22 on.'	1,797

From the above tabulation it will be seen that of the total of 561 houses, 318 or 56.7% are four roomed, and 205 or 36.5% are 5 roomed dwellings.

With regard to the number of persons occupying the houses, the three largest groups give the following percentages:—

- 2 persons per house = 170 (30.3%) houses; 340 (18.9%) persons.
- 3 persons per house = 151 (26.9%) houses; 453 (25.2%) persons.
- 4 persons per house = 104 (18.5%) houses; 416 (21.1%) persons.

From the recorded information obtained from the six areas, the number of persons per house is 3.2., this figure coincides with that for the whole Borough based on the Registrar General's estimated figure of population and the number of houses in the Borough according to the Rate Books.

Overcrowding Summary.

The following summary of recorded conditions of overcrowding within the Borough, based on existing statutory standards, indicates improvement during the year.

Overcrowding.

No. of Overcrowded houses at 1st January, 1948 Rehoused by Corporation 11 Abated by Occupier 4		17
New cases discovered (including 1 Border-	15	
line case which became overcrowded during the year	7	8
No. of Overcrowding cases at 31st December, 194	18	9

Borderline Cases.		
No. of Borderline cases at 1st January, 1948 Rehoused by Corporation 4 Abated by Occupier 4		17
Cases which became overcrowded during		
the year 1		
New cases discovered (including 1 partial overcrowding case which became		
Borderline overcrowding during the year 6		3
No. of Borderline cases at 31st December, 1948		14
D. C. J. O. Sarana J. S. O. Sarana S. Sarana J. Sarana S. Sarana S		
Partial Overcrowding Cases (overcrowding of rooms).		
No. of Partially Overcrowded cases at 1st January, 1948 Rehoused by Corporation 5		17
Abated by Occupier 4		
Cases which became Borderline over- crowding during the year 1		
New cases discovered during the year 2		8
No. of Partial Overcrowding cases at 31st December, 1948	 २	
,		9
		9
HOUSING PROGRESS.		9
HOUSING PROGRESS. By Private Enterprise during 1948		9
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected	_	7
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected War Destroyed Dwellings rebuilt	-	
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected		7 8
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected War Destroyed Dwellings rebuilt Repairs of War Damaged Houses		7 8 1
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected		7 8 1
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected		7 8 1 11
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected War Destroyed Dwellings rebuilt Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units By Local Authority during 1948 New Dwellings erected Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units Properties Controlled by the Local Authority at 31/12/1948		7 8 1 11
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected War Destroyed Dwellings rebuilt Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units By Local Authority during 1948 New Dwellings erected Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units Properties Controlled by the Local Authority at 31/12/1948 Properties provided under the various Housing Acts	-	7 8 1 11
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected		7 8 1 11
By Private Enterprise during 1948 New Dwellings erected War Destroyed Dwellings rebuilt Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units By Local Authority during 1948 New Dwellings erected Conversions or Adaptations in terms of family units Properties Controlled by the Local Authority at 31/12/1948 Properties provided under the various Housing Acts		7 8 1 11 52 —

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

Milk and Dairies.

Milk Supply.

Num	ber of	Registered	Producers	11
,,	,,		Producer/Retailers of Milk	1
,,	,,	,,	Retail Purveyors of Milk	1
,,	,,	,,	Retail Purveyors of Milk	
			(Premises outside the Borough)	2
Num	ber of	Inspections	s of Cowsheds	29
Num	ber of	Inspections	s of Dairies	29

During the year an informal request was investigated reference the possibility of registration as a Dairyman in regard to a corrugated iron lean-to shed. On the grounds of expense in complying with the requirements of the Milk and Dairies Order, the intention to register was abandoned.

Milk (Special Designations) Orders, 1936-1946.

Producers of "Tuberculin Tested" Milk	6
Producer/Retailers of "Tuberculin Tested" Milk	-
", ", "Accredited" Milk	_
Dealer's Licence to sell "Tuberculin Tested" Milk	1
Supplementary Dealer's Licence to sell "Tuberculin	
Tested" Milk	1
Supplementary Dealer's Licence to sell "Pasteurised	
Milk	2

During the year, copies of reports on 20 samples of "Tuberculin Tested" milk, taken by the County Council from farms within the Borough, were received. Of these 20 samples, 4 did not comply with the required standard, but subsequent samples were among the remaining 16 which complied with the required standard.

Ice Cream.

Ice Cream Premises.

The number of registered premises for the sale of Ice Cream within the Borough is:—

Registered Dealers (including 3 registrations during 1948	3) 13
D-31-1D 1-1D-1 11 11 11	1
Number of changes of occupation	
Number of Inspections	. 23
Number of contraventions	1

Registration in one case was deferred pending the provision of hot water supply. The requirements of the Corporation having been carried out, the premises were registered.

Contraventions.

One contravention of Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, was remedied, the contravention referred to the name and address of the vendor not being conspicuously displayed on the stall.

Cafes and Restaurants.

The following contraventions wer	e reme	edied di	iring t	he year	:
Provision of hot water supply		•••	•••	•••	2
General cleanliness		• • •			1
Provision of adequate food stor	age (a	a refrig	erator	was	
provided)					1
Provision of adequate drainage as	range	ments		•••	1

A further contravention, viz., no intervening ventilated space to the sanitary convenience, was discovered during the year. A builder has instructions to carry out the work.

Shops and Meat Stores.

Number of premises registered for the preparatio		
manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pic	ckled	
or preserved food intended for sale		16
Number of Meat Retailers	• • •	14
Number of shops retailing general foodstuffs (not inclu	iding	
the above Meat Retailers)	•••	56
Number of Inspections		68
Number of Contraventions		7

Contraventions.

Contraventions of the Food and Drugs Act discovered and remedied during the year included:-Provision of sufficient hot water supply ... 3 Provision of suitable and sufficient washing facilities. (At the end of the year washing facilities had been provided and cold water supply laid on, arrangements are in hand for the provision of hot water supply 1 Provision of sufficient ventilation to the intervening ventilated space to the sanitary accommodation Provision of ventilation to a Food Store ... 1 Cleansing and repair of ceilings

Slaughterhouses and Slaughtermen.

The four licenced Slaughterhouses in the town are not being used at the present time, centralised slaughter for the area being carried out at the Ministry of Food's Central Slaughterhouse at Ware.

There are four Slaughtermen licenced by the Corporation under the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

During the year, 6 visits were made to the Slaughterhouses in respect of Section 57 (2a), reference the renewal of licences.

An enquiry was received during the year from the Ministry of Food as to the number of premises suitably equipped for the humane slaughter of pigs within the Borough. The Ministry of Food's Executive Officer was informed that, "since the establishment of centralised slaughtering at Ware, the four licenced slaughterhouses within the Borough have deteriorated by disuse. Two only of the occupiers of the premises are still provided with mechanically operated instruments for the slaughter of animals. No slaughterhouses were therefore suitable for the slaughter and preparation of carcasses for human consumption."

Inspection of Meat and other Foods.

During the year a considerable amount of time has been taken up with food inspections. The duties have necessitated 195 visits for examination purposes and the issue of 191 Certificates of Condemnation of Foodstuffs.

The foodstuffs dealt with are set out as follows:-

Canned Foodstuffs.

								No. of Containers	Weight in lbs.
Corned Beef		-	_					119	4143
Corned Mutto	on						_	20	1091
Corned Meat		-		_		_		45	260
Other Meats	and	Meat	Prod	lucts			-	33	38
Soups .				-	_	-	-	35	35
Pulses	-	-	-			-	_	49	$63\frac{3}{4}$
Vegetables -	-	-				-	-	36	$59\frac{1}{2}$
Fruit .	-		-	-	-	-	-	34	$49\frac{3}{4}$
Milk	-	-	-	-		-	-	84	77
Preserves and	i Ja	ms	-	-	-	-	-	26	59
Pickles and S	auc	es	ť	-		•	-	58	$59\frac{1}{4}$
Cereals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	$194\frac{1}{2}$
Fish and Fish	ı Pr	oduct	s	-	-	•	-	203	$175\frac{1}{2}$
Miscellaneous	S		-		-	-	-	4	$2\frac{1}{2}$
								826	1,598
Meat Depot			-	-	-	93	cor	ntainers	321 3 lbs.
Institutions a	nd S	Schoo	ls	-	-	66		,,	1991, ,,
Shops	-	•	-		-	667		,,	$1076\frac{3}{4}$,,
				Tota	ls	826	cor	itainers	1598 Ibs.

The Meat Depot, the South Eastern Wholesale Meat Supply Association, situated within the Borough, is a distribution centre for the meat traders within the surrounding area. Close co-operation has been maintained with the Depot in regard to notification and examination of suspect canned meat.

The above 80 containers of Cereals weighing $194\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. were salvaged by the Corporation for pig food.

Fish.

Fish Roes		291 lbs.	Herrings		98 lbs.
Haddocks,		280 ,,	Dogfish		84 ,,
.,	Fresh -	35 ,,	Cod -		70 ,,
Sprats		196 ,,	Prawns -		56 ,,
Skate Wing	(s	140 ,,	Shrimps -		32 ,,
Plaice -		126 ,,			
				Total	1408 lbs.

Miscellaneous Foodstuffs.

Doof /E Hindowantons	D.	,,,,,,)		
Beef (5 Hindquarters,		Internal Decompositi	on 601	ha
Rump (2) -	•	internal Decompositi		
Silverside (2) -	-	"	44	
Topside (2) -	-	"	44	
Thick Flank -	-	,, ,,	22	
Top Bit and Rump	-	"	171	
Buttock & Aitch Bo	ne	,, ,,	56	
				— 405 lbs.
Pork; 2 Pieces Streat	ky	Decomposition-tendi	ng 10½1	bs.
1 piece Spare Rib	_		$2\frac{1}{4}$	
4 Feet -		,, ,,	4	,,
1 Flare -			14	
		,, ,,	-4	" — 18 lbs.
D 0		D '		
Bacon, Gammon Fore Hock		Decomposition & Maggot Infested	}	15 ,, 21 ,,
Pigs Livers (Imported	l fmo	, 00	,	42 ,,
rigs Livers (Imported	, 110	zen) Decomposition		42 ,,
Sheep Livers (Importe	ed, F	Frozen) Extensive Tyro	osin	
		Deposits & Mo	ould	3,386 ,,
Sheep (2) Argentine	-	Mould & Decompositi	on	79 "
Lambs (2) Argentine	-	",		142 ,,
(,)				
Sausages, Whalemeat	t -	Decomposition	521	
Fish -	-	,,	47	,,
Cooked -	-	,,	19	,,
Beef -	-	,,	18	,,
				— 136 lbs.
Chicken		Peritonitis		4 ,,
Meat Pies -		Decomposition		6 ,,
Brawn				5 ,,
Diawii	•	,1		<i>J</i> ,,
Dough (29 x 2lb. Doug	gh N	loulds (Glass Con-)	58 ,,
Bread (8 x $1\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Load		taminated	}	14 ,,
Peas	-	Mite Infested		91 ,,
Lentils	_			49 ,,
Peaches (dried) -		39		25 ,,
Currants -		**		12 ,,
		,,		
Miscellaneous -	-			10 "
			0	4.510.11
			Total	4,518 lbs.

		Salvaged by:-
Totals		Ministry Corporation
Totals		of Food (pig food)
177 lbs.	Institutions and Schools	177 lbs.
3,939 ,,	Meat Depot	3,921 lbs.
$46\frac{1}{2}$,,	British Railways -	
$348\frac{1}{2}$,,	Shops	$42\frac{1}{4}$,,
7 ,,	Miscellaneous	
		$3,963\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. 177 lbs.
	Amount Destroyed	$377\frac{3}{4}$ lbs.
4,518 lbs.		4,518 lbs.

The salvaged 3,921 lbs. of condemned unsound meat examined during control by the South Eastern Wholesale Meat Supply Association, was taken over by accredited agents, the meat being treated with green colouring matter prior to removal.

The $42\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. of other foodstuffs from shops, was salved through trade channels under direction of the Ministry of Food.

The 177 lbs. of foodstuffs salvaged by the Corporation for pig food, was made up mostly of unsound cereal foods.

Total weights of foodstuffs for the year:

						tons	cwts		lbs.
tain	ers	-	-	-	-		14		30
-	-	-	-	-	-		12		64
s F	oods	tuffs	-	-	-	2	0		38
				Tot	al	3	7		20
		1945			1946	6		1947	
1	tons	cwts.	lbs.	tons	cwt	s. lbs.	tons	cwts	. lbs.
-	1	17	27	1	10	6	1	13	68
•	1	2	77	1	6	81	1	6	106
-		11	25		4	16		18	73
tal	3	11	17	3	0	103	3	19	23
	s F	tons - 1 - 1	1945 tons cwts. 1 17 1 2 1 11	1945 tons cwts. lbs. 1 17 27 1 2 77 11 25	Tot 1945 tons cwts. lbs. tons 1 17 27 1 1 2 77 1 1 1 25	Total 1945 1946 tons cwts. lbs. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. lbs. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lb	tainers	tainers 14 12 s Foodstuffs 2 0 Total 3 7 1945 1946 tons cwts. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. tons c - 1 17 27 1 10 6 1 - 1 2 77 1 6 81 1 - 11 25 4 16	tainers 14 12 s Foodstuffs 2 0 Total 3 7 1945 1946 1947 tons cwts. lbs. tons cwts. lbs. tons cwts - 1 17 27 1 10 6 1 13 - 1 2 77 1 6 81 1 6 - 11 25 4 16 18

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Number of Factories on Re	gister:	·				
Mechanical Factories	-	-	-	-	-	81
Non-mechanical Factor	ies -	-			-	27
						108
Number of Inspections:						
Mechanical Factories (includin	g 12 " l	Mechan	ical" E	Bake-	
houses) -	-	•	-	-	-	34
Non-mechanical Factor	ies (incl	uding 3	"Non-r	nechan	ical"	
Bakehouses) -	-	-	-	-	-	7
Outworkers' premises	-	-	-		-	50
						91
Number of Notices Served				-	-	2

During the year three references were received from H.M. Inspector of Factories in regard to new or changed circumstances at 16 Factories.

Contraventions.

During the year one reference was received from H.M. Inspector of Factories in regard to sanitary defects, i.e., "insufficient light to sanitary conveniences."

Contraventions have been abated at two mechanical factories as follows:—

- (A) Sanitary accommodation provided.
- (B) Sanitary convenience reconstructed.

In regard to one other factory, plans have been submitted and approved to provide sufficient and separate sanitary accommodation for the sexes.

Outworkers.

The half-yearly lists of outworkers supplied by Factories within the Borough in accordance with the requirements of the Factories Act, include 200 persons. Of this 200, 70 are resident within the Borough.

Lists supplied by other Local Authorities of outworkers employed by firms situate outside the Borough include 12 persons resident within the Borough.

The nature of the work carried out by the outworkers within the Borough is as follows:—

Wearing apparel 56; Brush workers 15; Envelope making 11. No case of infectious disease has occurred at the outworkers premises.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

The County Council are the authority for enforcing the provisions of the above Act. All complaints of infestations received were passed on to the County Pests Control Officer.

On the 12th June the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries held a one-day Film Exhibition dealing with "Rat Infestation." Co-operation was given by this Department in the general arrangements and publicizing of the Exhibition.

HERTFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT. 1935.

Refuse Dumps (Section 26).

During 1947, consents were granted under the provisions of Section 26 of the Hertfordshire County Council Act, 1935, by the Corporation and the Hertfordshire County Council to the Southgate Borough Council to deposit "refuse and waste material which is not of an edible or putrescible character" in the Old Clay Pits near Hertingfordbury Station.

Tipping was commenced during the year and the Refuse Dump has been kept under observation.

Employment Agencies (Section 74).

There are only two Employment Agencies in the Borough registered with the County Council, a Domestic Agency and a Theatrical and Variety Direction Agency. The conduct and management of these agencies has been in accordance with Part V of the Hertfordshire County Council Act, 1935.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	J.			A G	ES		- 1	not	ted ital	ps
	Total	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0									
Diphtheria	0									
Scarlet Fever	5		2	3					5	
Erysipelas	1					1			1	
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	1				1				1	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	2				1	1			2	*****
Dysentery (Sonné)	2	J		2					2	
Acute primary Pneumonia	1				1				1	
Measles	134	9	65	56	2			2		
Whooping Cough	37	5	14	18						
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	1			1						
Para-Typhoid	0									

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -	3								1			1
Measles	6	1			12	51	45	17	2			••••
Whooping Cough -	5	9	8	11	. 2	1						1
Acute Poliomyelitis											1	
Pneumonia	1											
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis				•••••	•••••				••••			
Erysipelas				1								,
Jaundice												1
Puerperal Pyrexia -		- ****				1					1	

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulmoi	nary	Noi Pulmo	TOTAL	
	М	F	M	F	
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	24	15	8	12	59
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	8 1 —	6 —	1 1	4	19 1 1
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	3 - 2	1 3 1	1	_	5 3 3
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	28	16	9	16	69

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
No. Immunised	16	67	1	_	1	11	5	101

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948							
Number of Children under 15 who had received a re-inforcing dose	34						

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944		10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
Number Immunised	16	71	128	131	147	283	172	948
Estimated mid-year population 1948			1171	2235				

HODDESDON URBAN DISTRICT.

WATER SUPPLIES.

The whole of the district, except for under 2% of the houses, has a constant supply from public mains. The supply in nearly all cases is laid on direct to each house. There is a small number of houses served by standpipes, but during the year, thirteen houses formerly served in this way were provided with an internal water supply, six of these being as a result of Statutory Notices. There are approximately sixty houses in the district without mains supply, and these are mainly in the outlying or undeveloped parts of the district. In addition, there are twenty houses which derive their water from a private piped supply. One such supply to two houses was found to be from a shallow well, and as a result of unsatisfactory reports on the water, the owner has had a service pipe laid from the public main, but this has not yet been connected to the existing house services. Two cottages in the district rely on stored rainwater, no alternative means of supply being available. The owner of one of these cottages had a borehole sunk to a depth of thirty feet, but no water was found. One of the cottages is unoccupied and the future use of the two dwellings is still under consideration by the Council.

Main Supplies.

The Northern end of the district is served by the Metropolitan Water Board.

The Council's own water undertaking covers the remainder of the district, all the water being chlorinated and pumped into reservoirs prior to distribution through the mains. The supply was satisfactory in quantity. In December, 1948, samples taken from the Hoddesdon Urban District Council mains and submitted for bacteriological examination were reported as being unsatisfactory. This was found to be due to the fact that chlorine was not being discharged at the pumping water level in the well. The defective chlorine apparatus was rectified and the dosage increased. The system of testing the water for residual chlorine is now being strictly applied and there should be no recurrence of this trouble. Bacteriological samples are now being taken at least once a week, satisfactory results having since been received in each case. The results of the chemical and bacteriological samples taken in December would therefore appear to be those of raw water, which has apparently deteriorated in quality. It is not known to what extent this may be due to the lowering of the water table in this area. The Water Engineer has drawn the attention of the Ministry of Health to this matter, and monthly reports are being submitted to them. The Council have requested their Consulting Engineers and an expert Bacteriologist to investigate and report on their water undertakings in 1949. A total of thirteen bacteriological examinations and two chemical analyses were made during the year and details of the results of these examinations are given below.

Bacteriological Examinations.

				Probable No				
		Plate Count	Plate Count	Coliform bacil				
Date	Sample No.	3 days 22 ₀ C.	2 days 370 C.	2 days 37°C.				
28-1-48	231	10 per ml.	5 per ml.	Nil.	Satisfactory			
17-3-48	663	9 per ml.	5 per ml.	,,	"			
26-5-48	1230	7 per ml.	4 per ml.	,,	,,			
24-8-48	1967	8 per ml.	3 per ml.	,,	"			
27-10-48	2500	3 per ml.	Nil.	,,	"			
13-12-48	2903	Too many	230 per	35 per	Unsatisfactory			
		to count	mil.	100 ml.	·			
17-12-48	2955	170 per	37 per	52 per	Unsatisfactory			
		ml.	ml.	100 ml.				
21-12-48	C/MH/19	7 per ml.	1 per ml.					
		(20°C.)		(1 day @				
			tive Colifor					
			Present in 10 ml. Absent from 1 ml.					
			i Type 1:		Unsatisfactory			
00 10 40	0070		n 10 ml. A					
20-12-48	2959				Unsatisfactory			
20-12-48	2060	to count			II			
20-12-40	2960	271 per ml.	90 per ml.	25 per 100 ml.	Unsatisfactory			
22-12-48	2982	130 per			Uncaticfactory			
22-12-40	2902	ml.	70 per ml.	100 ml,	Unsatisfactory			
23-12-48	C/MH/63	15 per	18 per	6 per n	1			
20-12-10	0/1111/00	ml. (20°C		(1 day @				
			tive Colifori	n Reaction	, 01 C.)			
		Present i		bsent fron				
			i Type 1:	iosent non				
			n 50 ml. A	bsent fron	10 ml.			
			ii Reaction		Unsatisfactory			
				Absent fro				
23-11-48	C/MH/64	12 per	8 per	l per m	ıl.			
	, ,	ml.	ml.	1 day @				
		(20°C.)			Unsatisfactory			
			tive Colifor					
		Present i		bsent fron				
		Bact. col	i Type 1:					
				bsent fron				
			ii Reaction		Unsatisfactory			
			n 100 ml.					
28-12-48	C/MH/79		1. 1 per m					
		(20°C.)		3 7 0C	.)			
			ii Reaction					
			n 10 ml. A	bsent fron	n 10 ml.			
			Chlorine:		C 4: 6- 4-			
00 10 40	CAMILLO	0.30 part		X711 /1 ·	Satisfactory			
28-12-48	C/MH/80		 1 per ml 					
		(20 C.)	:: D:	37°C)			
			ii Reaction		101			
				Absent fro	in 10 ini.			
			Chlorine:		Satisfactory			
30-12-48	2010	0.05 part		K7:1	Satisfactory			
30-12-48	3019	21 per m	l. 5 per ml	. Nil.	Satisfactory			

Chemical Analysis (parts per million)

(1) Date Taken: 23/12/48

Appearance: Bright with a very slight mineral deposit

Turbidity: Less than 5 (Silica Scale)

Colour: Nil. Odour: Nil. Reaction pH: 7.2

Free Carbon Dioxide: 20. Electric Conductivity at 20°C: 620 Total Solids, dried at 180°C: 415. Chlorine in Chlorides: 29

Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate: 215

Hardness: Total 315. Carbonate (Temporary) 215 Non-Carbonate (Permanent) 100

Nitrogen in Nitrates: 7.2. Nitrogen in Nitrites: Less than 0.01 Free Ammonia: 0.004. Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27°C: 0.25 Albuminoid Ammonia: 0.014. Free Chlorine Reaction: Absent

Metals: Iron: Less than 0.03. Manganese: 0.05. Other metals absent

(2) Date taken: 23/12/48

Appearance: Bright with a very few particles of mineral debris

Turbidity: Less than 5 (Silica Scale)

Colour: Nil. Reaction pH: 7.3. Odour: Nil

Free Carbon Dioxide: -- Electric Conductivity at 20°C: 610

Total Solids, dried at 180C:—Chlorine in Chlorides: 29

Nitrogen in Nitrates: — Nitrogen in Nitrites: Less than 0.01 Free Ammonia: 0.000. Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27°C: 0.00 Albuminoid Ammonia: 0.016. Free Chlorine Reaction: Absent

Laboratory Report (in conjunction with Result of Bacteriological sample of same date)—

"This sample is practically clear and bright in appearance since it carries only a trace of matter in suspension which microscopical examination showed to be due to mineral particles only. The water is neutral in reaction, very hard in character though not excessively so, contains no excess of mineral or saline constituents in solution and it is free from metals apart from negligible traces of iron and manganese. It carries no significant content of organic matter but it shows bacterial impurity due to the presence of coliform organisms, while Bact. coli are present in small number and the Clostridium Welchii in minimal amount, these last two organisms being of excremental origin. The water is not, therefore, of the bacterial quality required for public supply purposes. The chemical characteristics of the water indicate that it would be readily amenable to treatment by the application of an efficient system of chlorination."

Sanitary
Inspector's located and corrected on the day after this sample was Note:

taken but before the report was received. Subsequent samples were satisfactory. The Laboratory report on the bacteriological sample taken on the 28th December, 1948, is given below:—

"This sample is clear and bright in appearance and of a high standard of bacterial purity consistent with a wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes." "Although the period of contact is brief, application of chlorination may have modified the bacterial content and the sample may not, therefore, be representative of the raw water. The occurrence of the Clostridium Welchii Reaction—this organism resistant to chlorination though not harmful in itself—reflects the contaminated condition demonstrated in recent samples."

Extension of Metropolitan Water Board Main Woollensbrook:

The amount of deficit paid by the Council to the Metropolitan Water Board on the guaranteed extension of their main in the Woollensbrook area, referred to in the Annual Report for 1947, for the year ended 30th April, 1948, was £21 17s 8d.

Private Supplies:

Four samples of water from private wells were submitted for bacteriological examination, three of these being satisfactory, and details of the results are given below.

Bacteriological	Examination.
-----------------	--------------

Date	Sample No.	Plate Count 3 days 22° C.	Plate Count 2 days 37° C.	Probable No Coliform bacill 2 days 37° C.	i Remarks
17-3-48	662	10 per ml.	6 per ml.	Nil per 100 ml.	Satisfactory
17-3-48	664	16 per ml.	5 per ml.	Nil per 100 ml.	,,
26-5-48	1232	9 per ml.	5 per ml.	Nil per 100 ml.	"
1-6-48	1270	720 per ml.	300 per ml.	8 per 100 ml.	Unsatisfactory

Factory Supplies:

A new borehole sunk in the chalk was brought into use during the year at one factory situated in Essex Road. The water was found to be of satisfactory purity and a Certificate as to the Source of Water Supply under Section 41 of the Factories Act, 1937, has been issued.

Details of the satisfactory results of three bacteriological examinations and one chemical analysis of samples of water taken from factory supplies during the year are given below.

Bacteriological Examinations.

Date	Sample No.	Plate Count 3 days 22° C.	Plate Count 2 days 37° C.	Probable No. Coliform bacilli 2 days 37° C.	Remarks
12-1-48	C/WT/22	9 per ml. (20° C.)	Nıl	Nil (1 day @ 37° C.)	Satisfactory
26-5-48	1231	40 per ml.	10 per ml.	Nil per 100 ml.	,,
17-6-48	C/EN/88	850 per ml. (20° C.)	120 per ml.	Nil (1 day @ 37° C.)	,,

Chemical Analysis (Parts per million).

Date Taken: 17-6-48.

Appearance: Faint opalescence with a slight flocculent deposit consisting of ferruginous chalk particles

Turbidity: 5 (Silica Scale).

Colour: Slight yellow-brown. Odour: Nil. Filtered: Nil.

Reaction pH.: Neutral 7.2.

Free Carbon Dioxide: 20. Electric Conductivity at 20° C.: 530. Total Solids, dried at 180° C.: 355. Chlorine in Chlorides: 25.

Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate: 215.

Hardness: Total 245. Carbonate (Temporary) 215. Non-carbonate (Permanent) 30.

Nitrogen in Nitrates: 2.8. Nitrogen in Nitrites: Approx. 0.01. Free Ammonia: 0.040. Oxygen absorbed in 4 hrs. at 27° C.: 0.40.

Albuminoid Ammonia: 0.000. Residual Chlorine: —

Metals: Iron: 0.70. Manganese: 0.03. Other metals absent. Remarks:

These results are consistent with a water which is wholesome in character and suitable for drinking and domestic purposes.

DRAINAGE & SEWERAGE.

There was no alteration to the sewerage arrangements in the district during the year. Most of the district (except for houses in undeveloped and low-lying parts of the area) is sewered. Sewage disposal works consisting of detritus, settling tanks, contact beds, and percolating filters serve the old urban area. Sewage from Broxbourne and Wormley is disposed of by broad irrigation at the Sewage Farms, after passing through screening and precipitation tanks.

Thrift Cottage, Ware Road, Hailey, which was formerly served by a cesspool, was connected to the Council's sewer during the year.

Statutory Notices were served in respect of six houses, Nos. 2—12, Burford Street, Hoddesdon, under Section 39 of the Public Health Act, 1936, and sinks were provided in each house.

Negotiations are proceeding with the owner to provide sinks and drains to a further eight houses in Lord Street, Hoddesdon.

Public Cleansing.

The Council decided that as from 1st July, 1948, no cesspools would be emptied free of charge within an area in proximity to the public sewers as shown on a map available for inspection at the Council Offices. The cleansing of cesspools (other than those attached to industrial premises) in the remainder of the district would be carried out at six-monthly intervals on request.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

Household refuse is collected once a fortnight. It is disposed of by controlled tipping in a disused gravel pit in Rye Road, Hoddesdon. Complaints regarding the prevalence of flies and crickets in the vicinity have necessitated treatment with Tip Dressing and preparations containing D.D.T. and Gammexane. The nuisance from crickets was not extensive and was brought under control before it became serious. It is anticipated that this pit will be filled in before the end of 1949, and a site further removed from dwelling houses is being sought.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S WORK during the Year 1949.

The following inspections have been made and the following notices served:-Dwelling houses inspected under the Public Health and Housing Acts ... 439 Housing, re-inspections, works in progress and interviews with Owners and Builders 1281 Visits in connection with Infectious Diseases 6 Inspection of Cowsheds 27 Inspection of Dairies and Milkshops ... Inspection of Stables and Pig-Sties ... 41 13 Inspection of Butchers' Shops Inspection of Bakehouses Ice Cream Premises 21 . . . 13 ... ••• 10 . . . Visits to other premises where food is prepared and/or ex-40 4 189 Investigation of Complaints other than Housing ... 40 Inspection of Factories 134 Inspection of Camping Grounds and Caravans 18 Miscellaneous Inspections ... 227 TOTAL INSPECTIONS 2503 Complaints received ... 197 Number of letters sent ... 622 116 37 DEFECTS REMEDIED: Drainage and Sanitary Arrangements. Drains Tested 41 Drains provided, improved, relaid or repaired 37 Drains cleared 21 Improvements to Soil Pipes, Vent. Shafts, Inspection Chambers, etc. 32 Baths, Sinks and Basins provided 22 Waste Pipes, provided, improved and trapped 14 ... New W.C.'s provided ... 23 New Pans and Traps provided to W.C.'s ... 44 New Flushing Cisterns provided to W.C.'s 23 W.C. Flushing Cisterns repaired ... 7 Urinals provided W.C.'s repaired - 1 31 W.C.'s repaired ...

Dustbins provided ... 27 Disused Wells and Cesspools filled in 3 Yard Paving provided or repaired ... 2 Roofs, Gutters and Rainwater Pipes repaired 69 External Walls repaired ...
Chimney Stacks repaired ...
Piregrates provided or repaired ...
Damp-proof Courses provided ... 17 15 16 1 Dampness remedied 4

Floors repaired or renewed		•••		23
Floors ventilated				3
Rooms-Walls and Ceilings repaired a	ind rede	corated		131
Windows and Doors provided or repai				40
External Window sills repaired		•••	•••	2
Ventilation improved				3
Washing Coppers provided or repaired	1			2
Staircases repaired				7
Offensive Accumulations removed				8
Food Stores provided				1

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS.

Public Health Act, 1936: Statutory Notices.

A Statutory Notice was served upon the owner under Section 44 of the above Act to take down and rebuild a dangerous and dilapidated W.C. building at 51, Lord Street, Hoddesdon. The work was carried out by the Council in default and the cost recovered.

A Statutory Notice under Section 45 to repair a defective W.C. at another property was served on the owner and the defect remedied.

Three Statutory Notices were served under Section 93 to remedy nuisances arising from structural defects to dwelling houses. One other Notice under the same Section was served upon the occupier of a shack to discontinue its use for human habitation, and resulted in successful Court proceedings being taken in 1949.

Statutory Notices under Sections 39 and 138 were served on the owner of six dwelling houses in Burford Street, Hoddesdon, to provide an internal water supply and sink to each house. The requirements of the Notices were complied with.

Nineteen Statutory Notices were served under Section 75 for the provision of dustbins at various addresses in the district.

Eradication of Bed Bugs

During the year, seven houses were treated for bug infestation, including three Council Houses. The same method of disinfestation was followed as in previous years. In addition, the furniture and effects of three families moving into Council Houses were fumigated with Hydrogen Cyanide Gas.

Disinfections.

Disinfections were carried out in consequence of infectious diseases (including Tuberculosis) in twenty-two dwelling houses.

Public Conveniences.

The Council have agreed to a scheme for increasing and improving the sanitary accommodation at the Public Conveniences at the Clock House, Hoddesdon. It is hoped that work will be put in hand in 1949.

Negotiations are proceeding with the Epping Rural District Council as to the provision of a Public Convenience in the vicinity of the Crown Bridge over the River Lee at Broxbourne, which during the summer months is visited by large numbers of people.

Scabies.

Arrangements were made for the treatment of 31 cases of Scabies during the year at the former First Aid Post. The Cheshunt Urban District Council requested this Authority to treat cases of Scabies on their behalf. The Council agreed to undertake this work, the cost of treatment being reimbursed.

The total of 31 cases treated for Scabies during the year are as follows:—

Children under 15 years of age: Boys, 8 Girls, 14 Total, 22
Adults: Men, 6 Women, 3 Total, 9
Total, 31

HOUSING ACTS.

Demolition Orders.

No Demolition or Closing Orders were served during the year.

Housing Act, 1936: Overcrowding.

During the year, Overcrowding was abated in six Council Houses and eighteen privately owned houses, mainly through the allocation of new permanent houses. In addition, overcrowding in *one* other house has been partially relieved.

Twenty-three cases of Overcrowding, which included sixteen cases in Council Houses, were noted during the year.

Housing Progress.

During the year, forty-eight new houses were completed, including 37 Council Houses, and 11 Private Enterprise. In addition, accommodation was made available for three families by conversion of existing buildings. Four requisitioned properties were in use for housing purposes.

FOOD AND DRUGS.

Milk and Dairies.

Number of Registered Producers	8
Number of Retail Purveyors of Milk	9
Number of Retail Purveyors of Milk by round from outside	
the district	4

The Cowsheds and Dairies have been frequently inspected and a total of 68 visits has been made.

Applications were made by one farmer to use premises for Cowsheds which were considered to be unsuitable and the applications were refused.

One Dairy, which was inadequate, was discontinued during the year. Larger premises were acquired, altered and improved, and brought into use.

Milk (Special Designations) Orders, 1936 and 1938:

Retail licences in respect of Tuberculin Tested Milk	4
Supplementary retailers licences in respect of Accredited Milk	0
Supplementary retailers licences in respect of Pasteurised Milk	2
Supplementary retailers licences in respect of Tuberculin Tested Milk	2

Milk Sampling:

Regular sampling of milk from producers in the district and of supplies to schools is undertaken by Officers of the County Council. The results obtained did not necessitate any follow-up action by the Hoddesdon Council.

Goats' Milk.

In December, a sample of goats' milk on sale to the public, in waxed cartons, was sent for bacteriological examination. The milk was reported as containing Coliform bacilli in three out of three tubes inoculated with 1/100 ml., and was de-colourised at the end at 25 minutes under the Methylene Blue Test.

An inspection of the smallholding where the goats' milk was produced was the subject of a special report to the Council in January, 1949.

A subsequent sample showed some improvement, but the owner ceased to sell the goats' milk by retail, it being sent away for manufacture into cheese, the Health Authorities for that district being notified.

Although it is not a propitious moment to urge the necessity for more controls, there should be some strengthening of the existing law to cover the production, handling and sale of goats' milk for human consumption, particularly where this is carried on on a large scale. The Milk and Dairies Acts and Orders apply to cows' milk only, and there is no specific mention of goats' milk in the present law. It is hoped that this defect will be made good in the not too distant future.

Food and Drugs Act, 1938: Ice Cream.

There are 30 licensed retailers and one manufacturer registered with the Council. In addition, 13 retailers from outside the district have applied for registration with the Council to sell ice cream in Hoddesdon Market, although only one attends regularly.

Ten visits were made to ice cream premises during the year.

Facilities for the bacteriological examination of ice cream samples are still not available at the Public Health Laboratory at Hertford. The nearest laboratories are at Cambridge or Luton.

Other Food Premises.

Visits paid to food premises during the year amount to seventy-four.

Slaughterhouses.

	Number of slaughterhouses in the district	-	-	-	4
	As a consequence of the Livestock (Restrict	tion	on Sla	ughte	ring)
Ord	ers, the four slaughterhouses in the district	ceas	e to be	e used.	

Unsound Food.

The following foods were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:—

Canned Foodstuffs.

Cannea 1 boasti	<i>vjj</i> 3.						
Corned Beef	•••		containers	· · · ·	Approx. w	reight	240 lbs.
Corned Muttor	1	12	,,	• • •	,,	,,	72 ,,
Meat Products	• • •	32	,,	•••	,,	19	$31\frac{1}{2}$,,
Soups, Stews, e	etc	9	,,	• • •	,,	,,	7½ ,,
Milk	• • •	28	,,		,,	,,	$26\frac{1}{4}$,,
Fish		34	,,		,,	,,	$13\frac{1}{4}$,,
Fruit		22	,,		,,	,,	32,
Vegetables		42	,,		,,	,,	441, ,,
Chocolate Spre		1					1 " "
Chocolate Opic		•	,,	•••	"	"	1 ,,
						4 cwt	. 20 lbs.
							- 100
Fish.							
Herrings					Approx.	weight	
Cod			•••	• • •	,,	,,	84 ,,
Kippers			•••	• • •	,,	,,	160 ,,
Prawns			•••		,,	,,	36 ,,
						2 cwt.	105 lbs.
Miscellaneous I	Poodstu	ffs.					
Beef	•••	•••	•••	•••	Approx.	weight	$7\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Pearl Barley	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	,,	,,	20 ,,
Blue Peas	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	,,	,,	23 ,,
Dried Egg	• • •			• • •	,,	,,	10 ,,
Haricot Beans				• • •	,,	,,	193 ,,
Macaroni Rice	Slips		•••		,,	,,	21 ,,
Tomato Sauce			•••		,,	,,	41, ,,
Tea	•••		•••		"	,, ,,	ຣ້
Dried Milk							15
Direction in	•••	• • • •	•••		,,	,,	15 ,,
						2 cw	t. 76 lbs.

Total Weight of all Foodstuffs 9 cwt. 89 lbs.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

One-hundred-and-forty-seven visits and inspections were made during the year.

During the year, one existing factory was provided with separate W.C. accommodation and connected to the sewer. An additional W.C. was provided at another factory and additional sanitary accommodation for females was provided in two other instances. These improvements were effected as a result of informal action.

RATS & MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

The County Council are the authority for enforcing the provisions of the above Act, and during the year some forty-five complaints were received and passed on to the County Pests Control Officer. The Hertfordshire County Council approached this Council on the question of delegation of their powers under the above Act. The Council intimated their willingness to accept delegation of duties.

HERTFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1935.

Moveable Dwellings. (Section 93).

A survey has been made of shacks, caravans and other moveable dwellings placed on land adjoining Slipe Lane, Wormley, where there are no proper services, such as sewers or water supplies.

It was hoped that this type of development could be controlled as undesirable form of land use under the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1947. If this does not prove to be the case, the existing Public Health Law will have to be invoked.

Refuse Dumps. (Section 26).

Ware Rural District Council's Tip, Stanstead Road, Hoddesdon.

This tip was found to be on fire and gave rise to many complaints of malodorous fumes. After somewhat protracted negotiations, efforts were made to extinguish the fire, and new deposits of household refuse were made on part of the tip away from the fire. Refuse is now being deposited in shallow layers and well covered, and the nuisance was abated.

Disused Gravel Pit, Cripplegate Fields, Wormley.

Early in 1948, it was found that this pit was being used for the deposit of waste material (chiefly from nurseries) brought in from outside the Council's area. No application for consent under the provisions of the Hertfordshire County Council Act, 1935, had been made by the owners. This tip subsequently became on fire which fortunately burnt itself out after a time. Consent was eventually given by the Hertfordshire County Council and this Council under the usual conditions and the deposit of refuse is now being made in shallow layers.

Gravel Pit, Church Lane, Wormley.

During the year, consent was given to the Edmonton Borough Council to deposit destructor screenings and destructor clinker at this pit. This consent was given under Section 26 of the Hertfordshire County Council Act, 1935, by the Hertfordshire County Council and the Urban District Council. Serious trouble from crickets was experienced during the summer, and treatment with gammexane proved effective in controlling the pest. Deposits are now being made in shallow layers and controlled tipping methods are employed. The Edmonton Council have also agreed to co-operate by covering destructor screenings whilst in transit, so as not to cause offence or injury to health, and during hot weather to treat these screenings with an insecticide at the destructor before being transported to Wormley.

Refuse Tip, Old Nazeing Road, Broxbourne.

No cause for complaint was found at this tip during the year-

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	12			A G	ES			not	ted	hs
	TOTAL	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0									*****
Diphtheria	1		1						1	
Scarlet Fever	9		2	7					7	
Erysipelas	1			1						
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	0									
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	1					1			1	
Dysentery (Sonné)	0									
Acute primary Pneumonia	3	2		1						
Measles	29	2	19	7				1		
Whooping Cough	48	4	17	24		2		1		
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	3			1	1		1			
Para-Typhoid	0					·				

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -	4			1		1				1		2
Measles	1		2	2	3	7	12	2				••••
Whooping Cough -	11	6	8	6	1				1	1	6	8
Acute Poliomyelitis												
Pneumonia		1	1									1
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis												
Erysipelas											1	
Infective Hepititice								1	1		1	
Puerperal Pyrexia -				••••		1						

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulm	onary	N Pulm	TOTAL	
	M	\mathbf{F}	M	F	
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	48	27	11	10	96
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	5 	6 - 1		1 - 3	12 - 4
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>_1</u>	
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	50	31	10	13	104

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	
No. Immunised	_	63	24	5	1	3		96

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948 Number of Children under 15 who had received

a re-inforcing dose

96 35

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

	immunisation at any time up to sen july, 15 to.							
Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
Number Immunised		67	185	145	160	565	885	2007
Estimated mid-year population 1948			1061	180	01			

INSULIN.

During the period 1/1/48 to 5/7/48, four persons were supplied with Insulin free of cost.

Two persons were supplied at half-cost.

WARE URBAN DISTRICT.

WATER SUPPLY.

Area of Supply. The statutory area of supply of the Urban Council co-incides with the old Urban District before the last extension of boundaries, the remainder of the Urban District falling within the statutory limits of the Metropolitan Water Board. By agreement with the Board, however, the Urban Council supplies water within the M.W.B. area of supply to all developed areas except Highfields, which is supplied direct by the M.W.B.

It is estimated that only 0.6% of the properties in the district are not connected to a main water supply.

Sources of Supply. Water is obtained from two wells, one at Musley Lane and the other at Musley Hill, the former being the main source of supply.

The Musley Lane well (Lower Waterworks) is 7ft. 0in, diameter for a depth of 60ft. 0in., lined with cast iron segments, below which is a 36in. borehole 40ft. 0in, deep.

The Musley Hill well (Upper Waterworks) is 7ft. 0in. diameter for a depth of 136ft. 0in., lined with brick, below which is a 24ft. borehole 30ft. 0in. deep.

Both are in chalk.

Pumping Stations,

The Musley Lane Station is provided with a duplicate set of 36 h.p. Harland Vertical Spindle Motors and Borehole Pumps, each capable of pumping 27,000 gallons per hour.

Water is pumped into the water tower which overflows into the reservoir.

The Station is provided with Electroflo metering and recording equipment for pumps, well water levels and water tower and reservoir levels. The Station is automatic.

The Musley Hill Station is provided with one Harland Vertical Spindle Motor and Pump capable of pumping 10,700 gallons per hour.

Water is pumped into the reservoir, and the Station is automatic.

Although the Water Tower supply is known as the High Level and the Reservoir supply as the Low Level, the two are not separate so far as source of supply is concerned, in that the Water Tower overflows into the reservoir.

The Musley Hill Station has been recently provided with Electrofio metering and recording equipment for the pump, but not for the well water level.

The Musley Hill Station was not used during the year 1948, partly due to the electricity load-spreading arrangements, and partly because the installation of metering equipment was awaited.

Chlorination is carried out at both Stations, at Musley Lane into the well, and at Musley Hill into the pumping main.

Analyses.—Routine monthly samples of water are taken for bacteriological examination and a summary of the results is appended.

Bacteriological Examinations.

Date	Sample No.	Plant Count 3 days 220 C. per ml.	Plant Count 2 days 370 C. per ml.	Probable No. Coliform bacilli 2 days 370 C. per 100 ml.	Remarks
Low Ler	vel Supply:				
5-1-48	24	6	3	Nil	Satisfactory
2-2-48	264	4	1	,,	,,
1-3-48	505	5	2	,,	,,
1-4-48	789	7	3	,,	"
3-5-48	1038	5	2	,,	,,
1-6-48	1272	8	3	,,	,,
30-7-48	1816	7	3	,,	,,
1-9-48	2033	Nil	Nil	,,	,,
4-10-48	2249	6	2	,,	,,
1-11-48	2512	7	3	,,	,,
2-12-48	2788	12	Nil	,,	,,
High Le	vel Supply:				
5-1-48	25	5	2	Nil	Satisfactory
2-2-48	265	5	2	,,	,,
1-3-48	504	7	3	,,	,,
1-4-48	788	5	2	,,	,,
3-5-48	1037	3	Nil	,,	,,
1-6-48	1273	6	2	,,	. ,,
2-7-48	1575	7	3	,,	,,
4-8-48	1817	7	3	,,	,,
1-9-48	2032	Nil	Nil	,,	,,
4-10-48	2248	10	4	,,	,,
1-11-48	2513	8	2	, ,	17
2-12-48	2787	13	1	••	,,

Two chemical analyses were made of samples of water taken on the 6th October, 1948, one from the High Level Supply and one from the Low Level Supply.

The results were as follows:-

Chemical Examinations (parts per million)

	Chemicai	Brammanons (paris	permation
		Low Level Supply	High Level Supply
Appearance		Bright with very	Clear & bright
		few particles of	
		mineral debris	
Turbidity (Silica Scale)		Less than 5	Nil
Colour	•••	Nil	Nil
Odour	•••	Nil	Nil
Reaction pH		7.1	7.1
Free Carbon Dioxide	•••	30	30
Elect. Conductivity at !	200 C	610	610
Total Solids, dried at 1	800 C	410	410
Chlorine in Chlorides	•••	24	24
Alkalinity at CaCo3		260	260
Hardness:	Total	330	330
	Temp.	260	260
	Perm.	70	70

	Low Level Supply	High Level Supply
Nitrogen in Nitrates	5.4	5.6
Ditto Nitrites	Absent	Absent
Free Ammonia	0.000	0.006
Oxygen absorbed 4 hours 27°C	0.15	0.00
Albuminoid Ammonia	0.000	0.000
Residual Chlorine	Absent	0.05

Remarks: These results are consistent with a pure and wholesome water suitable for drinking and domestic purposes.

DRAINAGE & SEWERAGE.

Practically the whole of the district is sewered, the whole of the flow from the area south of the river Lee entering the main sewer by means of an inverted syphon under the river.

It is hoped to proceed shortly with the preparation of a scheme for sewering the proposed Industrial Site in the London Road area, including Red House Road, which latter is at present not sewered. Provision will be made in the scheme for the whole of the sewage from the area south of the river Lee to enter the outfall sewer to the south-east of the town,

Most of the old sewerage system is on the combined or partially separate system, with infiltration, and trouble is experienced with silting up of sewers and surcharging.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

This is by means of land treatment, the sewage farm being situate at Rye House, about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles S.S.E. of Ware, almost adjoining the Hoddesdon Urban District Boundary, and within the Ware Rural District. The area of the farm is 136 acres.

All sewage is pumped from Stanstead Abbotts, including that of portions of the Ware Rural District, some of which joins the Urban sewers at the northern boundary of Ware and the remainder is pumped to the Stanstead Abbotts Pumping Station.

Distribution of sewage at the farm is by means of overground concrete troughs, from which the flow of sewage can be discharged at various points as desired.

Much of the land is used for cropping, including potatoes and greenstuffs.

The drainage from the boundary ditches passes under the river Stort and enters the river Lee.

REFUSE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL.

A combined weekly collection of refuse and salvage is in operation, together with a separate weekly collection of waste paper from business and trade premises.

A small system of weekly collection of pig food is also in operation.

Refuse is disposed of at a controlled tip off Amwell End which is periodically dressed with appropriate tip dressing during the summer months as required.

Waste paper is baled.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S WORK.

IANTIOULANS	OF SAI	HITHD	1 1119	FEGI	פת	MACU	n.
	Sumn	nary of	Visits.				Number
Sewers and Drains							79
Public and Private Con					•••		15
Sanitary Accommodati			•••	•••	•••	•••	53
		~~		•••	•••	•••	_
Nuisances: House defo		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	87
" Animals	•••		•••	• • •	• • •	•••	86
" Offensive a		lations	•••	•••	•••	• • •	9
,, Watercour		•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	44
" Tents, van	s and sl	heds	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	4
" Smoke	··· .	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	10
" Verminous			l Articl	es	• • •	•••	45
,, Verminous	Person	as	•••			• • •	1
						• • •	11
Housing Act, Improves	nent, re	epairs					30
" Overcrov							47
" Sundry v							9
Food Premises				•••			56
Ice Cream Factories	•••	•••		• •		•••	17
" Retailers	•••						13
" C 11		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	44
Labanatani	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	14
		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Milk: Cowsheds and I		•••	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	16
" Sampling	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	31
,, Laboratory	•••		•••	•••	• • •	•••	26
Slaughterhouse: Inspe		i Meat	•••	•••	•••	•••	260
,, Labor		•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	5
	olaints	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1
Rats and Mice	• • •		• • •			• • •	14
Factories		•••					11
							1038
							1000
מזומ	LIC H	בי או די די די	T X CT	1096			
FUE							
	Sewe	rs and.	Drains.				
Sewers (Private)							Number
,	no Non	. W. n1.	Toota				31
Inspections, Repai	rs, new	VVVOEK	, rests	•••	• • •	•••	31
.Drains							
Inspections, Repai	re Teet	te					24
	15, 165	.5	•••	•••	•••	•••	47
Closet Accommodation							
Inspections, Repai	rs. New	Work					73
· ·	. 0, 11011	****	•••	•••	•••	•••	
Urinals							
Public Inspections							10
Public Inspections Private Inspection							10
Private Inspection	s	•••	•••	•••			3
Private Inspection The abatemen	s tofar	 nuisanc	 e by th	 e subs	tituti	on of	3
Private Inspection	s tofar	 nuisanc	 e by th	 e subs	tituti	on of	3
Private Inspection The abatemen accommo	s tofar	 nuisanc	 e by th	 e subs	tituti	on of	3
Private Inspection The abatemen accommo	s t of a r dation f	 nuisanc for a pr	 e by th rivate u	 e subs	tituti	on of	3 closet
Private Inspection The abatemen accommo Sanitary Fittings Sinks provided with	s t of a r dation f	 nuisanc for a pr	 e by th rivate u	 e subs	tituti	on of	3 closet
Private Inspection The abatemen accommo	s t of a r dation f	 nuisanc for a pr	 e by th rivate u	 e subs	tituti	on of	3 closet
Private Inspection The abatemen accommo Sanitary Fittings Sinks provided with	s t of a r dation f	 nuisanc for a pr	 e by th rivate u	 e subs	tituti	on of	3 closet
Private Inspection The abatement accommons Sanitary Fittings Sinks provided with Traps and waste p	s t of a r dation f th traps ipes rer	for a pr newed	 e by th rivate u 	 e subs irinal is 	tituties pend	on of ding.	3 closet

Nuisance	es and Sundry	Repairs						
Roo	fs repaired	•••						10
Ceil	ings cleansed		• • •					21
Wal	ls cleansed							21
Com	iplaints receive	ed				• • •		94
Misc	cellaneous repa	airs		•••				40
Keeping	of Animals							
	kens and Rab	bits wel	l kep	t				3
	plaint made re							ŭ
	given as to co					•••		3
Chic	ken houses n				ble sit			1
	ty moved to m							1
	ncil houses ins							68
	: Generally ch							
	tates are of a v							
	airs and kept							
	is is a problem							
	the first favou				6 80.			
			-	·		, . ,		
	Filthy and				es or A	rticles.		
	ispected and no	vermin	foun	d				
		•••			•••	• • •	•••	12
	ately owned h				•••		• • •	14
No verm	inous articles	were de	stroy	ed or s	team d	isinfec	ted	
		Ιı	isect i	Pests				
Bugs								
Priv	ately owned h	ouses d	isinfe	cted ("	Therm	atox ''		
	fumigators an	d "Zalo	decide	D.D.1	`.'')			1
Cockroac					ŕ			
Hou	ses fumigated	with "	Fumi	te" D.	D.T.			1
Flies	· ·							
Hou	ises sprayed wi	ith D.D	.T. 1ic	nuid				1
	ises sprayed w			, Occup	niers	•••		2
Scabies	ioes sprayed w	,,		Cecup	, ici s	•••	•••	- 4
	es received tre	atment	at Cl	eaneine	a Cent	ro		2
		atment	at Ci	cansing	g Cent	16	•••	4
Head Lie	es referred to l	Diatmiat	KI	fam t.				2
	es referred to i	District	Nurs	se ior ti	reatme	111	•••	
Welfare		D:-4:-4	КТ	- C-	4			1
	es referred to	District	Nurs	se for a	avice	•••	• • •	1
	s Diseases						•	0
	ms disinfected		1 / 6	•••	•••	•••	• • •	3
	ding Steam Di			om one	room)	•••	1
Gravel P	it-nuisance di	ue to tip	ping					
	and cricket nu							
	er being provi							
	vhich large nur							
	e tipped, and				"Ga	mmexa	ine	
	also used duri		proce	ss.				
	urses-Nuisano							_
	of Bourne cle	ansed a	nd ob	structi	ons rer	noved	•••	1
	batement							
	otiations are						wner	
	rding smoke e		from	one ch	nimney	'.		
Nun	nber of observ	ations		• • •	•••	•••	•••	7

HOUSING ACT, 1936.

Number Undertakings not to re-let, cancelled (Sec. XI. (3)) 2 Case A.—An eight-roomed house was converted into two flats with separate kitchens having own sink and cooking accommodation, roofs, gutters, drains, external and internal wall surfaces, and all other necessary overhauls being executed. Case B.—A four-roomed cottage largely of lath and plaster construction, was thoroughly overhauled, including roof, gutters, walls internally and externally, floor repairs, provision of internal water supply and sink, bath, and cooking accommodation. Improvements effected by informal action Sculleries constructed and provided with internal water supply and sink ... Window area increased of living rooms and bedrooms (Number of rooms) 8 Plans prepared for above improvements 1 Overcrowding No survey has been carried out, but the following particulars show that over 50% of the known cases of overcrowding have been abated by the Council rehousing

	Privately Owned.	Council Houses.	Total
Number of Overcrowded Houses on bedroom Standard (Sec. 136)	21	12	33
Number of cases abated by re-housing	12	5	17
Number of cases still overcrowded	9	7	16
Number of cases found not overcrowded, on bedroom Standard (Sect. 136)	1	2	3
Number of Overcrowded Houses on the Statutory Standard of Sect. 58	7	6	13

seventeen families.

HOUSING PROGRESS.

Prior to the 1939-45 war, a total of 440 Council Houses and Bungalows had been erected. Up to the 1st January, 1948, this number had been increased by 34 permanent Council dwellings, making a total of 474, together with 13 Temporary Bungalows.

During 1948, 73 further permanent Council Houses were completed and occupied, the total number at the 31st December, 1948, being 547, plus 13 Temporary Bungalows. The 73 houses comprised mostly 3-bedroom types, with a proportion of houses with 4-bedrooms.

At the end of the year, a further 31 houses were under construction or contracts let, and the Council proposes to proceed with a further scheme of 60 houses at Catshill, comprising 3-bedroom and 2-bedroom types.

Nine Private Enterprise Houses were also completed during the year.

FOOD & DRUGS ACT, 1938.

Meat Inspection.

Number of visits to Slaughte Number of visits to Laborate			 s	Number. 260 5
Weight of Mean				
Diseased Internal decomposition	Beef 35,052 37	Mutton 889	Pork 2774 —	TOTAL 38,715 37
Imported.				
Internal decomposition Tinned (decomposed)	61 133	- 24	_	61 157

The statistical information required by Circular 3/49 relating to carcases inspected and condemned covers the condemnation of whole carcases only. The compilation of daily analysis sheets of all condemnations, including offals and parts of carcases, has not been possible owing to the pressure of work.

	Cattle excluding cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number killed	2353	710	942	3457	485
Number Inspected	2267	710	786	3015	468
All Diseases Except Tuberculosis.					
Whole Carcases condemned Percentage of the number in-	4	6	9	5	14
spected affected with disease	0.18	0.85	1.15	0.17	2.99
Tuberculosis Only.					
Whole Carcases condemned	3	5			2
Percentage of the number in- spected affected with disease	0.13	0.70			0.43
O41 TI 1					

Other Foods.

The following foods were condemned, being unfit for human consumption. Some of the fish was used for pig food.

p com				- 1 - 8			
Item			Defect			Weig	tht in lbs.
Tinned Foods	-	-	Blown, Leakers,	etc., ľ	No. 42	27 -	334
Packet Foods	-	-	Mouldy, Contami	nated	l etc.	-	28
Prunes	-	-	Stale, Mouldy, un	mark	etabl	le -	17
Sugar	-	-	Contaminated	-	-		3
Manufactured C	hocol	ate	Mites, stale .	-			40
Oatmeal -	-	-	Damp, stale -	-	-	-	50
Soya flour -	-	-	Stale	-	-	-	6
Cheese	-	-	Contaminated	-	-	-	3
Fish, wet -	-	-	Decomposition	-	-	-	238
Fish, smoked -	-	-	,,	-	-	-	207
Fish, shell -	-	-	,,	-	-	-	114
Frozen Peas -		-	Mouldy	-	-	-	1752
	-						0700
							2/92

Milk and Dairies.

Number of routine visits to cowsheds	-	2
Number of routine visits to dairies		14
Number of routine visits for sampling purposes -	-	31
Number of routine visits to laboratory with samples		26

A large wholesale dairy in the district receives a considerable amount of supervision; and the amount of sampling by this and other Authorities has been considerable. The results of all samples taken within the Urban District and of those reported upon by other Authorities are given below.

Sampled by WARE U.D.C. %'s to nearest figure	rec	"Tuberculin Tested" in churns sampled as received from Farms at 10 a.m. on morning of production or following evening production.									
nguro		ylene Blue hours Coliform Test					Official Result Judged on both Tests.				
Evening and	Pass	Fail	% Fail	Pass	Fail	% Fail	Pass	Fail	% Fail		
Morning (Mixed)	4	1	20	1	4	80	1	4	80		
Morning	53	12	18	46	19	29	41	24	37		
TOTALS	57	13	18	47	23	33	42	28	40		

"Pasteurised" Milk.

		M OIL	UDNO		1 7	N. DOM	mr Tio	
Sampled by	Meth		URNS. Phos.	Meth	IN BOTTLES. Meth. Blue Phos. Test			
	Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail		Fail	Pass	Fail
Ware U.D.C. At Wholesalers	22	Nil	38	Nil	_		_	_
Ware U.D.C. At Retailer's after bottling			_	_	2	Nil	2	Nil
Other L.A.'s at Retailers	_	_	_	_	19	1*	19	1*

"T.T. Pasteurised" Milk.

Sampled by		IN BOTTLES. Meth. Blue Phos. Test ½ hour Pass Fail Pass Fail				
			Pass	Fail	Pass	Fail
Ware U.D.C.	At Wholesaler's		7	Nil	7	Nil
Ware U.D.C.	At Retailer's after Bottling	•••		_	_	_
Other L.A.'s a	t Retailers		7	Nil	7	Nil

The unsatisfactory samples marked * in the table above involved two samplings by different authorities. In both cases the milk was supplied in bulk and afterwards bottled by the retailer; and in so far as the unsatisfactory phosphatase reading, obtained in the one case, the retailer also handles raw milk. Whether there was any admixture of raw milk to pasteurised milk cannot be determined; but perhaps it is sufficient to say that the reading was 4 Lovibond units.

Two samples of "Pasteurised" milk processed outside the district conformed to the prescribed standards. One sample of "Accredited" milk produced within the area was found to be satisfactory. Two samples of "Ungraded" milk retailed by a producer within the district were examined; the first failing and the second passing the tests prescribed for "Accredited" milk.

The above tables show that raw "Tuberculin Tested" milk still falls short of the required standards; and pasteurisation no doubt saves a lot of this milk from souring in the summer months.

Ice Cream.

Number of Manufacturers 2 Number of premises registered under Section (14) ... 8

One manufacturer's output is of the order of 600 gallons daily. The premises were equipped with 1 x 200 gallon Holder Pasteuriser and recording and indicating thermometers, homogeniser, two stage covered cooler, 2 x 200 gallon vats, which are thermostatically controlled and 2 x 60 gallon per hour Vogt Freezers. An additional cold room has been constructed during the year. New equipment including a "Rose" cutting and wrapping machine will be in use during 1949 and many other improvements are contemplated.

During the year, 79 samples were examined with the following results:—

Ice Cream Samples.

	100 0100111 00111 0111										
Pasteuriser	Homogeniser	Ageing Vats	Freezer								
Grade Gooli Coli	Grade Gradi	Raecal Coli	Grade Gradi	Grade Coli							
1 2 3 4 - +	1 2 3 4 - +	1 2 3 4 - +	1 2 3 4 - +	1 2 3 4 - +							
7 1 - - 4 -			$ \ 4 \ \ 4 \ \ 4 \ \ - \ \ 5 \ \ 2 \ $	9 13 18 3 10 7							
% in each	% in each grade of final product taken from freezer $\begin{bmatrix} 21 & 30 & 42 & 7 \\ 51 & 51 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$										
% in each grade recommended by Advisory Committee $\begin{vmatrix} 50 30 20 - \\ 80 \end{vmatrix}$											

These results are well below the recommendations made in the Report of the Sub-Committee appointed to enquire into tests for the bacteriological grading of ice-cream. The most disturbing single factor is the presence of Faecal Coli. Steps are being taken in collaboration with the manufacturer to effect an improvement.

A small manufacturer has a holder pasteuriser which complies with ice-cream (Heat Treatment, etc.), Regulations.

The results of samples taken at these premises follow:—

ICE CREAM		Grade						
	1	2	3	4				
No. of Samples	6	3	1	-				

Twenty-three samples of ice-cream were also taken at retailers premises as follows:—

		MANUFACTURER																		
Retailer		S				7	•		1	τ	J		1	1	V		1		Z	
	G	Grading		(din	g	0		din	g		Gra		ıg			adiı	ng_	
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
В	-		-	1																
D	1	-	-	-																
E					4	-	-	-												
F					1	1	-	-												
G	-	-	1	-																
Н									1	-	-	-	1	2	1	6				
I																	-	1	1	1

Key to Manufacturers.

S ... Large Ware Factory.
T & U ... Firms of National Repute

W ... Smaller Manufacturers in Epping.
Z ... ,, ,, ,, Letchworth.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	1,			A G	ES			not	ital	hs
	TOTAL	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0							•••••		
Diphtheria	0									
Scarlet Fever	1		1	*.***						
Erysipelas	0									
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	0									
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	0									*****
Dysentery (Sonné)	0									
Acute primary Pneumonia	0									*****
Measles	3		1	2						
Whooping Cough	1		1						1	*****
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	3			1		2				
Para-Typhoid	0	1				ķ				

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -												1
Measles									3			
Whooping Cough -		*****			1							
Acute Poliomyelitis												
Pneumonia												
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis												
Erysipelas												
Jaundice				••••		3						
Puerperal Pyrexia -										••••	,	

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulmonary			on- nonary	TOTAL
	М	F	M	F	TOTAL
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	17	6	13	7	43
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	8 _	0	3	1 —	12
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	3 2 1		2 3		5 5 3
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	19	4	11	8	42

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	1944		10 to 14 1934-38	
No. Immunised	11	41	3		2	5		62

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948

62

Number of Children under 15 who had received a re-inforcing dose

33

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5—15 1933-1943	Total
Number Immunised	11	46	79	145	159	1076	1516
Estimated mid-year population 1948			695	1289			

SAWBRIDGEWORTH URBAN DISTRICT WATER SUPPLY.

A piped supply, provided by the Herts & Essex Water Company from their deep wells in Redrick Lane, serves 93% of the Urban District. The remaining 7%, comprising the village of Spelbrook, derives its water from a public shallow well fitted with a hand pump; and from several privately owned wells. A scheme to extend the water mains to Spelbrook has been approved and work is expected to begin during 1949.

The quality and quantity of both supplies of water has been satisfactory and results of monthly bacteriological examinations are given in Table A and B. The supplies are chlorinated, that from the Spelbrook Well being carried out once daily by hand.

Table A	. Herts	& Essex Wa	ter Co. Bad	cteriological	Examinations
Date	Sample No.	Plate Count 3 days at 20° C. per ml.	Plate Count 2 days at 37° C. per ml.	Plate Count 1 day 37° C. per ml.	Remarks
23-2-48	C/AA/16	3	0	Absent	Satisfactory
24-3-48	C/AM/76	46	1	,,	,,
21-4-48	C/TE/54	0	0	,,	,,
27-5-48	C/EA/68	12	9	,,	,,
16-6-48	C/EN/61	12	0	,,	,,
28-7-48	C/RR/02	40	4	,,	,,

Table B.	Spelbr	ook Well.	Bacteriolog	ical Examinat	ions
Date	Sample No.	Plant Count 3 days at 220 C. per ml.	Plant Count 2 days at 370 C. per ml.	Probable No. Coliform Bacilli per 100 ml. 2 days at 370 C.	Remarks
13-1-48	77	5	2	Nil	Satisfactory
11-2-48	362	5	2	,,	,,
16-3-48	661	5	3	,,	,,
14-4-48	882	7	3	, ,	,,
18-5-48	1184	5	3	,,	,,
15-6-48	1390	7	3	,,	,,
13-7-48	1687	3	1	29	٠,,
10-8-48	1857	6	3	,,	,,
14-9-48	2145	8	3	,,	,,
12-10-48	2331	6	2	,,	,,
9-11-48	2642	7	3	,,	,,
7-12-48	2829	12	3	,,	,,

Owing to the satisfactory results, chlorine dosage of the Spelbrook Well has been minimal. The waters are not plumbo-solvent.

Dw	elling h	ouses st	applied	linterna	ally froi	m publ	ic main	s	928
	,,	,,	,,	by mea	ans of s	tand p	ipes		52
Premises (including dwelling houses) in Spelbrook utilising									
	public	well	•••	•••	•••			•••	70
						,	Total		1050

DRAINAGE, SEWERAGE and SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Estimated population served by main drainage ... 3400.

The sewer was extended to one existing house and private drains repaired at one cottage.

Separate water closets and sinks were installed at 39 hutments on the Parsonage Estate (formerly Sawbridgeworth Aerodrome).

There are two separate sewage disposal works. At the principal works, disposal is by the sedimentation, septic tank and bacterial bed process, which discharges a purified effluent into the river Stort. The estimated capacity of this works is 120,000 gallons daily, and the estimated dry weather flow is 112,000 gallons per day.

The South sewage disposal works consists of two septic tanks and land irrigation, with an estimated capacity of 12,000 gallons daily and an estimated dry weather flow of 9,000 gallons per day.

There are five small sewage pumping stations in the district, two of which are privately owned.

Approximately 95 houses (9%) in Sawbridgeworth use cesspoools or other conservancy systems.

REFUSE COLLECTION and DISPOSAL.

The standard of refuse collection was improved by using a covered collecting vehicle in place of an open truck.

A weekly collection was made from two schools, a nursing home, the Parsonage Estate and several large premises by arrangement. The refuse from dwelling houses was collected fortnightly.

By arrangement with the Braughing Rural District Council, refuse from the hutments at High Wych Camp (adjoining Parsonage Estate) was also collected fortnightly.

Controlled tipping of refuse is carried out on a site adjoining the principal sewage works. The average weekly collection is sixty cubic yards (approximately 20 tons) plus half-a-ton of paper. The present tipping site is expected to last another two years.

Tip dressing to control insect pests was applied when necessary, and rodent control was carried out by the Hertfordshire County Council. No serious infestations have occurred.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S VISITS for the Year ending 31st December, 1948.

inspections.				
Dwelling Houses Inspected	•••			19
Dwelling Houses condemned				1
Re-inspections and visits to dwelling hou	ses		•••	18
General Inspections				36
General Inspections (5 squatters sites)			• • •	58
Visits re cases of Infectious Diseases	• • •	• • •		1
Disinfections			• • • •	1
Complaints investigated (and settled)			• • •	4
Inspections re Moveable Dwellings				8
Food Premises Inspected		• • •	• • •	18
Water and Ice Cream samples taken	• • •	• • •	• • •	15
Number of visits to shops for condemning	g food	• • •	• • •	11
Factory Inspections and Re-inspections		•••		49
Cowsheds and Dairies inspected	• • •	•••	•••	4
	TOTAL	INSPEC	TIONS	243

59										
Number of Informal Notices served Number of complaints passed to other Department attention	nts fo	38 or 14								
PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.										
Prevention of Nuisances.										
One overflowing cesspool was detected and is rece	iving	attention.								
Several applications concerning the keeping of under Defence Regulations) were investigated and adv	rice gi	•								
No statutory notices were served under this head	ıng.									
HOUSING and HOUSING PROGRESS. A demolition order was issued by the Council in under Section 11 of the Housing Act, 1936 in respect house, requiring that the premises be vacated within demolished within six weeks of vacation.	of one	e dwelling								
Houses erected by 31st December, 1948.										
Local Authority.										
Permanent Houses erected		- 28								
War Destroyed Houses rebuilt	-	- 7								
Temporary Houses	-	- 10								
		45								
Sawbridgeworth Aerodrome.										
Number of hutments converted and occupied	-	- 65								
Number of families living in unconverted premise	S	- 9								
		74								
Private Enterprise.										
Houses erected		- 21								

MEAT, FOODS, & FOOD PREMISES.

War Destroyed Houses rebuilt

Slaughterhouses.

There are no licensed slaughterhouses in the district. One application for renewal of the licence of a formerly registered slaughterhouse was refused by the Council under Section 57 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938, because of contravention of Part II of the Meat Regulations, and Section 13 of the Food and Drugs Act.

 $\frac{1}{22}$

Milk.

Milk is supplied in bulk to a single local depot. All grades of designated milk are available.

Ice Cream.

Ice Cream is manufactured by the Cold Mix Process at one premises. Periodic samples were taken, with the following results:—

Date	Sample No.	Methylene Blue Decolourised	Grade
18-8-48	1/18519	After 3 hours	2
8-9-48	2/21241	After 3 hours	2
8-11-48	3/26860	Not decolourised after 4 hours	1

Unsound Food

The following foods were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:—

	No. of Tins	We	ight
Category	or Containers	lbs.	ozs.
Meat (tinned or potted)	9	7	3
Fish (tinned)	27	30	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Milk (tinned)	23	22	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Vegetables & Soups (tinned)	55	90	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Butter and margarine		1	12
Cheese		40	-
Sugar		84	_
Bacon		41	_
Kippers		84	
Eggs	32	6	_
		406	15½

FACTORIES ACT, 1937 and 1948.

There are 39 premises on the register and 49 inspections were made (see table at beginning of Combined Districts Report). Only one unsatisfactory premises was discovered and an informal notice was served. This was in respect of a basement bakehouse. Steps are being taken by the owner to place the bakehouse outside the definition of "basement," by excavation of a quantity of earth.

One other premises was dealt with as regards means of escape from fire.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	ı,			A G	ES			not	ted	sı
	TOTAL	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Death
Small-pox	0									
Diphtheria	0									
Scarlet Fever	0									
Erysipelas	1			1						
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	0									
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	0									
Dysentery (Sonné)	0									
Acute primary Pneumonia	0									
Measles	65	2	31	31	1					
Whooping Cough	2		1			1				
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	0									
Para-Typhoid	0		J							

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -												
Measles	1		1	1			18	43	1			
Whooping Cough -				2								
Acute Poliomyelitis												
Pneumonia												
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis												
Erysipelas						,				1		
Jaundice											.,	
Puerperal Pyrexia -				••••								

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulm	onary		on- onary	TOTAL
	M	\mathbf{F}	M	- F	
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948		6	1	3	10
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	_	<u>-</u> 1	=		<u> </u>
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	_	_	_	1 —	1
Cases on Register 31/12/1948		7	1	2	10

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	
No. Immunised	1	3	5	5	4	4	5	27

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948

Number of Children under 15 who had received a re-inforcing dose 31

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5—15 1933-1943	Total
Number Immunised	1	4	29	31	40	435	540
Estimated mid-year population 1948			299			525	

WARE RURAL DISTRICT.

WATER SUPPLIES.

The main water supply is obtained from two boreholes, 450 feet deep at the Pumping Station at Puckeridge. The water is pumped to a tower at Old Hall Green. The Metropolitan Water Board area of supply includes the Parishes of Great Amwell and Stanstead St. Margarets. Apart from these Parishes, the mains of the R.D.C. pass through each Parish. The water is hard and of good bacteriological standard. The water is chlorinated. Samples have been taken from time to time from the piped supply and bacteriological examinations made have shown the water to be satisfactory. The sufficiency is not in doubt. Over three-quarters of the total dwelling houses in the district have a piped supply. Seventy-one new connections were made in 1948.

Of the private supplies throughout the district, approximately two-thirds are deep wells or boreholes and one-third are shallow wells.

WATER SAMPLES.

Bacteriological Examinations of Private Water Supplies

Date	Sample No.	Plant Count 3 days 220 C. per ml.	Plant Count 2 days 370 C. per ml.	Probable No. Coliform Bacillu 2 days 370 C. per 100 ml.	
15-1-40	538	Too many	480	90	B.Pyocyaneus
		to count			present—
					Unsatisfactory
15-4-48	539	22	9	Nil	Satisfactory
15-4-48	540	300	80	,,	B.Pyocyaneus
					present-
					Unsatisfactor
16-15-48	541	90	43	8	Unsatisfactor
16-5-48	542	46	22	Nil	Satisfactor
20-6-48	543	7	2	,,	,,
20-6-48	544	8	3	,,	,,
13-8-48	545	7	3	,,	,,
30-9-48	546	460	160	8	B.Pyocyaneus
					present-
					Unsatisfactor
20-10-48	547	33	12	3	,,

All the premises with an unsatisfactory supply have now been connected to the Council's main with the exception of No. 547, which will be connected shortly.

Bacteriological Examination of Public Water Supply

22-6-48	620	5	2	Nil	Satisfactory
				befor	re chlorination
22-6-48	621	7	3	Nil	Satisfactory
				afte	er chlorination

Chemical Analyses-Public Water Supply

Date 8.1.48	Parts per 100,000	Grains per gallon
Total solids (dried at 180°C.)	43.0	30.1
Combined chlorine (C1)	1.8	1.3
Equivalent to Sodium Chloride (Na C1)	3.0	2.1
Nitric nitrogen (Nitrates)	0.28	0.20
Nitrous nitrogen (Nitrites)	Nil	Nil
Ammoniacal nitrogen	0.0007	0.0005
Albuminoid nitrogen	0.0012	0.0008
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27° C.	0.003	0.002
Lead or Copper	Nil	Nil
Temporary hardness (equiv. to Ca CO ₃)	28.0	19.6
Permanent ,, (,, ,, ,,)	4.0	2.8
Total ,, (,, ,, ,,)	32.0	22,4

The above results show this water to be of good quality and quite safe for drinking purposes.

The water is hard, the hardness being mainly "temporary" in nature.

Date 8.12.48 Total solids (dried at 180°C.)	Parts per 100,000 39.0	Grains per gallon 27.3
Combined chlorine (C1)	1.7	1.2
Equivalent to Sodium Chloride (Na C1)	2,8	2.0
Nitric nitrogen (Nitrates)	0.30	0.21
Nitrous nitrogen (Nitrites)	Nil	Nil
Ammoniacal nitrogen	Nil	Nil
Albuminoid nitrogen	Nil	Nil
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27° C.	0.005	0.004
Lead or Copper	Nil	Nil
Temporary hardness (equiv. to Ca CO _s)	30.0	21.0
Permanent ,, (,, ,, ,,)	4.0	2.8
Total ,, (,, ,, ,,)	34.0	23.8

The above results show this water to be of a high degree of organic purity and quite safe for drinking purposes.

The water is very hard, the hardness being mainly "temporary" in nature.

DRAINAGE and SEWERAGE.

Standon and Puckeridge are sewered and gravitate to a pumping station in Paper Mill Lane, Standon, from which the sewage is raised to a disposal works south of the village.

High Cross and Wadesmill, Great Amwell, St. Margarets and Stanstead Abbotts are drained to pumping stations from which the sewage is raised to join the Ware Urban District sewers.

Part of the village of Hertford Heath is in the Great Amwell Parish and is sewered by agreement to disposal works in the Hertford Rural District.

During the year, the Council obtained from the Ministry of Works a redundant sewage disposal works at the R.A.F. Station, Hunsdon. These works were put into repair and adapted to take sewage from dispersed sites which were converted for housing accommodation.

It is intended to commence work shortly upon a new sewer through Hunsdon Village to Widford Rise. This work is anticipated to be well in hand during 1949. An old drain in Hunsdon village will be abandoned and the properties using this connected to the new sewer. The scheme for sewering Wareside, Widford, and parts of the Braughing Rural District is receiving the consideration of the Ministry of Health. It was anticipated that Hunsdon would be included in this scheme, but the village has been provided for otherwise as indicated above.

Seventy-six sewer connections were made during 1948.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Cesspools for private residents were emptied twice per year free of charge and other occasions by request at cost. There are over 400 cesspools in the area. Pails are emptied twice a week from cottages not connected with the sewer. House refuse is collected weekly in a covered conveyance and disposed of by tipping at Standon and St. Margarets.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S WORK during the Year 1948.

Inspections.

		•			
Rural Housing Surve			Ice Cream Premises	3	65
Houses Inspecte	d	860	Bakehouses		20
Complaints		143	Factories		42
v 0 1 51		12	Knackers Yard		24
Food Premises		170	Refuse Tips		58
Drainage		217	Caravans		34
Water Supply		214	Rats and Mice		17
Schools		17	Miscellaneous		95
Cowsheds and Dairie	es	47	Total		2035
•			30281	•••	

HOUSING.

Rural Housing Survey.

Inspection of the 2098 cottages in the District was commenced in February, 1947, and 860 houses were inspected during the year making the total to date 1,591.

Housing Progress.

Houses built by			4		
Houses built by			78		
as follows:					
Type 1	8	Airey Houses	•••	24	
,, 2	22	Bungalows		2.	
,, 3	22				
Temporary	Dwellings a	nd Conversions			45

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

The following foods were found to be unfit for human consumption and were surrendered:—

5 st. Various Fish	65 tins of Food (including
2 lbs. Bacon	Meat, Pilchards, Salmon,
104 lbs. Beef	Sardines, Beans, Peas,
80 lbs. Tea	Soup, Jams, Milk, etc.)
20 lbs. Pork Sausage	approximately 37 lbs.
20 lbs. Dried Milk Powder	520 lbs. Various farena-
	foods (Biscuit Meal Soya
	Flour, etc.)

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	J.			A G	ES			not wn	ted ita]	su
	Total	Under 1 year	ı - years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0			••••			(*****
Diphtheria	0									
Scarlet Fever	5		1	4			ļ		4	
Erysipelas	1						1		1	
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	3		1	1		1			3	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	0									*****
Dysentery (Sonné)	7	3	4						3	1
Acute primary Pneumonia	7		1	1	2	1	2			
Measles	47		32	14	1					
Whooping Cough	54	11	18	22				3	1	
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	4			1	1	2				
Para-Typhoid	0				J	····	\			

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -	2			1		1	1					
Measles	1	1				6	21	7	4			7
Whooping Cough -	7	10	21	8	3		2	2			1	
Acute Poliomyelitis				1					2			
Pneumonia		3	2	1						1		
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis									••••			
Erysipelas	1											
Infective Hepatitis						1	2					1
Puerperal Pyrexia -							••••					

DISTRIBUTION OF THE NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES among the different Parishes.

			Scarlet Fever	Measles	Whoop- ing Ch.	Acute P.M.	Pneu- monia	Cerebro- Spinal M.
Eastwick			•••••				*****	į .
Gilston				****	2	1		
Great Amwell		•••••	2	7	2	••••		
Great Munden	•••••		1	2	2		1	
Little Munden	•••••	•••••	*****	1	9			****
Hunsdon		****	••••	3		•••••	1	••••
Standon			•••••	3	27		5	
Stanstead Abbot			2	8	7			
,, Easney	e (L.C.C	. Home))		3		••••	
St. Margarets)				*****	
" St. Margare			ıs					
Short S	Stay Hon	ie))	12	*****		*****	
Thundridge		••••	*****		1	2	*****	
Ware Rural			,)	1	*****		*****	*****
	iouse (He		ن. ک					
	drens Nu	rsery))	9	****	••••		
Widford		•••••		1	1			

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulm	onary		on- onary	TOTAL
	M	\mathbf{F}	M	F	IOIND
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	14	20	12	15	61
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	5 — —	1 	1 - 1	2	9
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	<u>-</u> 5	 1 4	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	1 20
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	14	16	9	11	50

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	
No. Immunised	15	35		3	1	4		58

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948

Number of Children under 15 who had received a re-inforcing dose

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5—15 1933-1943	Total
Number Immunised	15	47	61	93	96	1112	1424
Estimated mid-year population 1948			880	1408			

BRAUGHING RURAL DISTRICT.

WATER SUPPLY.

The northern parishes are supplied from Chipping Pumping Station. For the rest of the District a bulk supply is obtained from Ware R.D.C., and at High Wych supply is given by the Herts & Essex Waterworks Co. Ltd.

During the year the water main was extended from Bury Green to Cradle End, Little Hadham, the work being done by direct labour.

Sixteen public standpipes have been withdrawn from service as service pipes have been laid to houses formerly taking a supply from the standpipes. Work on laying service pipes has been retarded owing to shortage of galvanised water tubing.

Water Sampling.

Twelve samples of water were taken at Chipping Pumping Station for bacteriological examination, and in all cases the Analyst reported that the bacteriological examination was satisfactory.

One chemical analysis was made and the following report was received:

Chemical Analysis (parts per million)

(1) Date Taken: 19/10/48 Appearance: Clear and bright Turbidity: Nil. (Silica Scale)

Colour: Nil. Odour: Nil. Reaction pH: 6.9

Free Carbon Dioxide: 49. Electric Conductivity at 20°C: 560 Total Solids, dried at 180°C: 392. Chlorine in Chlorides: 25

Alkalinity as Calcium Carbonate: 270

Hardness: Total 320. Carbonate (Temporary) 270 Non-Carbonate (Permanent) 50

Nitrogen in Nitrates: 3.8. Nitrogen in Nitrites: Absent

Free Ammonia: 0.000 (as N) 0.000. Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27°C: 0.00 Albuminoid Ammonia: 0.000 (as N) 0.000

Metals: Absent

Report:—"This sample is clear and bright in appearance and free from iron and other metals. The water is practically neutral in reaction but it has a high content of free carbon dioxide and a corrosive tendency towards metals would therefore be anticipated although no plumbo-solvent action would occur.

The water is very hard in character though not excessively so and it contains no excess of mineral or saline constituents in solution. It is of the highest standard of organic quality.

From the aspect of the chemical analysis, these results are consistent with a pure and wholesome water suitable for public supply purposes. Aeration to reduce the carbon dioxide and so restrain the corrosive tendencies would be advantageous."

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

During the year, changes in the collection system has enabled each parish to receive one additional collection each year, making a total of 13 instead of 12. In the cases of Much Hadham and Buntingford, collections now number 26 each. Refuse continues to be disposed of by tipping at Buckland, Braughing, Much Hadham and Furneaux Pelham.

SALVAGE.

Total tonnage collected during the past year amounted to 35 tons. This mainly consisted of paper and tins.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S VISITS AND INSPECTIONS during the Year.

indications during the lear.		
Inspection of Dwelling houses	•••	990
Re-visits to 'outs' at time of initial visit	•••	41
Inspections of Factories	•••	61
,, Offices		15
" Slaughterhouses		7
Food Preservation Premises	•••	7
Visits to Dairies & Cowhouses		57
" Bakehouses		6
"Butchers' Shops	•••	7
" Fried Fish Shops		4
Re-visits in connection with service of notices		283
Visits to Ice-cream Premises	•••	56
" Investigate 3 cases of Food Poisoning		9
" Refuse Disposal Sites		28
,, Premises infested with vermin		21
Visits in connection with refuse collection survey	•••	211
,, regarding complaints of nuisance from mi		
neous premises		32
neodo premises	T 1	
	Total	1785

HOUSING.

Further progress with the Rural Housing Survey has been made during the past year. To the 31st December, 1948, the total number of houses surveyed was 1621. These have been provisionally classified as follows:—

Category 1	•••	224		13.8%
Category 2		290		17.9%
Category 3		755		46.6%
Category 5		352	_	21.7%

It is anticipated that the provisional classification of all houses included in the survey will be completed by June, 1949.

HOUSING PROGRESS.

During the year 133 permanent houses were completed.

Houses built by	Private Owners	 15
	Local Authority	118

At the end of the year there were 597 Council Houses occupied including 7 Old Peoples' Dwellings.

MILK SAMPLES.

(a) Methylene Blue and Coliform Tests.

Routine samples of milk taken during the year were analysed with the following results:—

Total Number of Samples taken (all grades).	Passed Prescribed Tests.	Failed to Pass Prescribed Tests.
131	62	69

(b) Biological Samples for Tubercle Bacılli.

Forty-two samples were taken on behalf of the County Council for Guinea-pig inoculation—all proved negative.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	J.			A G	ES			not	ted ital	SU
	TOTAL	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	15 - years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0									
Diphtheria	0									
Scarlet Fever	8		1	1	6				7	
Erysipelas	. 2					2		•••••		
Enteric Fever	. 0									*****
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									*****
Acute Polio-myelitis	1					1			1	1
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	. 0									
Dysentery (Sonné)	. 0									
Acute primary Pneumonia	11	2		3	1	3	1	1		
Measles	. 21	1	4	15	2					
Whooping Cough	. 76	2	3	53	18					*****
Jaundice (Hepatitis)						6				
Para-Typhoid	1	;s				1			1	
Food Poisoning	3					3			3	1

^{*}Not confirmed.

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -		1		1	2	2	1	1				
Measles	3		2	8		3	2.	2				1
Whooping Cough -	24	11	18	11	1		1		3		4	3
Acute Poliomyelitis							1					
Pneumonia		••••	4			2	1				3	1
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis												
Erysipelas		1						1				
Jaundice						2	1	1	1		1	****
Puerperal Pyrexia -												

FOOD POISONING OUTBREAK.

Three cases of food poisoning were notified in September, 1948. The details are summarised below.

- 1. Food Causing Outbreak—Unknown.

 Agent Causing Outbreak—Salmonella typhi-murium.
- 2. Cases forming Outbreak which occurred from 13-9-48 to 1-10-48 Total notified, 3; Total ascertained, 3; Fatal, 1.
- 3. Clinical Features—Average interval ingestion to onset=36 hours.

 Main symptoms: Malaise, Diarrhæa, Vomiting
 Severity: Considerable severity. One fatal
 (Case 1)

Duration of Illness: 3 to 4 weeks.

4. Results of Laboratory Investigations:

Salmonella typhi-murium isolated from faeces in all three cases Case No. II, Salmonella typhi-murium present in faeces when patient discharged from hospital on 10-11-48

Case No. III, Salmonella typhi-murium present in blood, Titre 1/400 on 11-10-48

Food Samples—None obtained—notifications received too late for action.

Miscellaneous Investigations—a mouse trapped on premises of Case
No. III examined for Salmonella typhi-murium
with negative results.

5. Origin and Preparation of Food causing Illness.

No food samples obtained, but patient No. II states he ate some tinned corned beef (sold in slices), some days after it had been purchased. He shared the meal with his brother, Case No. 1, who died. Others who ate similar slices of the corned beef when it was fresh were not affected—(statement of two neighbours and the butcher concerned), Case No. III had no direct contact with the others and gave no information regarding any food eaten.

6. Place at which food causing Illness was consumed.

Cases I and II—at home.
Case III—No information.

7. Probable origin of Infection or Contamination of Food.

Contributory factors were poor standards of hygiene, associated with bucket sanitation and infestation with rats and mice.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES among the different Parishes.

			Scarlet Fever	Measles	Whoop- ing Ch.	Acute P.M.	Pneu- monia	Cerebro- Spinal M.
Albury			••••	1			1	
Anstey		•••••	••••		8	•••••		
Aspenden	•••••	••••	3		2			
Braughing			•••••	1	25		3	
Brent Pelham		••••	•••••	1	4	•••••		
Broadfield					•••••	•••••	••••	
Buckland				1		••••		
Buntingford				3	7	••••	2	
Cottered			••••		3		•••••	
Furneaux Pelhan	1							
High Wych				8				*****
Hormead			•••••	*****	*****			
Little Hadham				1	3	1	1	
Meesden				•••••	3			
Much Hadham		*****	•••••	4	11	•••••	3	
Stocking Pelham		****	••••	*****	1	•••••	••••	
Thorley		*****	*****		*****			
Throcking			5	•••••	1			
Westmill		****		1	3		1	
Wyddial				•••••	3		•••••	
Yardley	•••••			*****	2		*****	

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulm	onary	N. Pulm	TOTAL	
	M	\mathbf{F}	M	F	
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	16	7	10	10	43
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	5 	5 —			10
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	1 2 —	2 1	_	<u>-</u> 1	3 3 1
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	18	9	10	9	46

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
No. Immunised	19	46	3	1	1	_		70

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	/	10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
Number Immunised	19	48	53	68	57	425	366	1036
Estimated mid-year population 1948			810			167	72	

HERTFORD RURAL DISTRICT.

WATER.

Piped supplies have been taken into 12 houses which formerly relied on public standpipes or wells.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Refuse Collection.

House refuse was collected fortnightly throughout the district and disposed of by tipping at Stevenage and Hertingfordbury. Direct labour was employed for this purpose.

Cesspool Emptying.

The Council maintains a service for the emptying of cesspools at private houses, four loads on not more than two visits being removed annually free of charge, upon written application by the owner or occupier. Charges are made in respect of additional emptyings. 325 Cesspools were emptied during the year, a total of 2,739 loads being removed.

PARTICULARS OF SANITARY INSPECTOR'S VISITS and INSPECTIONS during the Year 1948.

Hobhouse Rural Housing Surv	ey	•••			1106
,, ,,		re-visits			35
Housing, other than Hobhouse					3
Public Health		•••			72
,, re-visits					112
Sewage Disposal Works		•••			51
Cowsheds and Dairies					97
Waterworks					37
Foodshops					5
Scavenging			•••		6
Water Supply	• • •				28
Disinfantions	• • •				6
Bakehouse Inspections	• • •	•••	•••	•••	2
Datual Change	• • •	•••	•••	•••	- -
	• • •	•••	•••	•••	1
Overcrowding	•••	•••	•••	•••	l
Visits re Infectious Diseases	• • •	•••	•••	•••	2
Miscellaneous	• • •	•••	•••	•••	95
			Total	•••	1,665

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936.

Disinfestation was carried out at two houses infested by bugs. An insecticide containing D.D.T. proved effective.

Disinfection, following the removal of a case of Tuberculosis to hospital was carried out at one house,

Four W.C.'s were substituted for pail closets; sinks were provided in four houses and baths in five houses previously without them.

In addition to the above, at a number of the older Council houses indoor water supply, baths and W.C.'s were provided as follows:—

Birch Green ... 14 houses. Walkern ... 18 houses.

HOUSING.

Inspection of 1106 of the 2410 dwellings in the district under the Hobhouse Rural Housing Survey was carried out. This makes a total of 2,040 dwellings inspected since the survey commenced.

The houses were classified as follows:-

Class 1 (Satisfactory in all respects)	662
Class 2 (Requiring minor repairs only)	390
Class 3 (Requiring major repairs)	810
Class 5 (Beyond repair at reasonable cost)	178
	2040

Housing Progress.

Houses completed during the year:—

Private Enterprise ... 12 Local Authority ... 72

Stevenage Development Corporation ... 20

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Unsound Food.

The following foods were, upon inspection, found to be unfit for human consumption, and were surrendered:—

148lbs. of beef	1 tin damsons
2 tins processed peas	l tin carrots
1 tin Australian pears	8 tins beetroot
58 tins granefruit	I tin mixed vegetable

Milk & Dairies Orders.

Porty-eight samples of heat-treated milk in respect of which the Council is the sampling authority, were taken and reported upon as satisfactory.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

	1			A G	ES			not	ited	hs
	TOTAL	Under 1 year	years	5 - years	years	25 - years	over 65 years	Age not Known	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Small-pox	0									•••••
Diphtheria	0									•••••
Scarlet Fever	2		1	1						
Erysipelas	1				1			*****		
Enteric Fever	0									
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	0									
Acute Polio-myelitis	0									*****
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	0									
Puerperal Pyrexia	0									
Dysentery (Sonné)	1		1						1	
Acute primary Pneumonia	. 5			3	2				1	
Measles	70	2	31	44	1					
Whooping Cough	17	1	12	4						
Jaundice (Hepatitis)	. 0									
Para-Typhoid	0		J		\					

INCIDENCE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES during the different Months.

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Scarlet Fever -		,								2		
Measles				4	17	13	16	28				****
Whooping Cough -	2	4	5		4	1	1					
Acute Poliomyelitis												
Pneumonia			1	2				1				1
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis												
Erysipelas								1				
Jaundice												
Puerperal Pyrexia -												

DISTRIBUTION OF THE NOTIFIED INFECTIOUS DISEASES among the different Parishes.

		Scarlet Fever	Measles	Whoop- ing Ch.	Acute P.M.	Pneu- monia	Cerebro- Spinal M.
Aston							
Bayford			3	1			
Benington							
Bengeo Rural			1			1	
Bramfield		•••••		1			
Brickendon Liberty			8	4		•••	
Datchworth			5	1			
Hertingfordbury			19				
Little Amwell		2	15		*****		
Little Berkhampstead			8	3			
Sacombe	*****	*****	3	2		1	
Stapleford			2	1			
Tewin			13	2			
Walkern						3	
Watton-at-Stone)		1	2			
" Heathmount Sch							
Woodhall F	Park)						

TUBERCULOSIS.

	Pulm	onary	Non- Pulmonary		TOTAL				
	M	\mathbf{F}	М	F	TOTAL				
Cases on Register 1st Jan., 1948	18	15	5	7	45				
Cases added to Register during the year. New cases Cases restored to Register Inward Transfers	7	6 —	1 1 —	3	17 1				
Cases removed from Register during the year. Deaths Outward Transfers Patients cured	3 7 2	3 6 —			6 18 3				
Cases on Register 31/12/1948	13	12	3	8	36				

DIPHTHERIA PROPHYLAXIS.

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation during the half-year ending 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944	5 to 9 1939-43	10 to 14 1934-38	
No. Immunised	_	43	20	1	2	11	4	81

Number of Children under 15 who had completed a full course of Immunisation during the six months ending 5th July, 1948	81
Number of Children under 15 who had received a re-inforcing dose	19

Number of Children who had completed the full course of Immunisation at any time up to 5th July, 1948.

Age at 31/12/48 i.e. Born in year	Under 1 1948	1 1947	2 1946	3 1945	4 1944		10 to 14 1934-38	Total under 15
Number Immunised	_	46	121	79	105	405	266	1022
Estimated mid-year population 1948	689				128			





